COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by: Finance Department Finance Director: Lucas Jackson

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FORE THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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CLEVELAND COUNTY

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Phone: 704-484-4838

311 East Marion Street Shelby, NC 28152

November 19, 2019

To the Cleveland County Board of Commissioners and the Citizens of Cleveland County, North Carolina

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Cleveland County, North Carolina, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted. Laws of the State of North Carolina, along with policies and procedures of the North Carolina Local Government Commission, require that all local governments in the State publish a complete set of financial statements annually. The financial statements must be presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

However, responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with Cleveland County. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of Cleveland County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of the operation of the various funds of Cleveland County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Cleveland County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are free of material misstatements. The audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Cleveland County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Revised State Single Audit Implementation Act of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, findings and recommendations, and independent auditors' reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are presented in the compliance section of this document.

DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNTY

Cleveland County was established in 1841 and is located in the piedmont of North Carolina. It is one of 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. Our County has land area of 469 square miles and a population of 97,288. There are fifteen municipalities within the County, the largest being the city of Shelby, which serves as the county seat. The County has a county-manager form of government. The five members of the Board of Commissioners are elected and serve staggered four-year terms. Commissioners hold policy-making and legislative authority. They are responsible for adopting the annual budget ordinance and appointing the county manager. The manager is responsible for implementing policies, managing daily operations, and appointing department heads.

The County provides the citizens with a wide range of services that include public safety, health and social services, planning and development, environmental protection, cultural and recreational activities, and others. Public safety, human services, education and debt service represent the majority of the annual budget. This report includes all the County activities required to maintain these services. The County also extends financial support to certain boards, agencies, and commissions to assist their efforts in serving citizens. Among those receiving the largest support are the Cleveland County Board of Education and Cleveland Community College.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The County, nestled in the rolling piedmont of the southwestern portion of North Carolina, is the gateway between Asheville and Charlotte, and is centered between two of the largest metropolitan areas of the Carolinas – Charlotte and Greenville/Spartanburg. Small town charm with the big city only 30 minutes away, Cleveland County is the prime location to benefit from the best of both worlds. The County's current economic condition is based on various factors, including the construction and remodeling values of new and existing homes and businesses, new and expanding manufacturing facilities and unemployment rates.

A balanced base of agriculture, tourism and manufacturing contributes to growth in the local economy. Agriculture is Cleveland County's leading industry, generating cash receipts of \$134 million in 2017. There are 1,005 small family-owned farms producing food and fiber on 113,341 acres of fertile farmland, representing nearly 40 percent of the county's land mass. Broilers and beef cattle are the leading commodities, generating a combined \$116 million in farm gate sales. Crops (grains, oilseeds, produce, nursery stock, and forages) contribute an additional \$16 million. County leadership seeks to capitalize on opportunities to include agriculture in our aggressive economic development initiatives. Projects currently underway are focused on developing and promoting local agritourism, bolstering value-added production and direct-to-consumer sales, and exploring opportunities for high-value specialty crops including malting barley and industrial hemp.

Travel and tourism continues to be the second largest industry in North Carolina. The County's tourism industry has experienced strong growth due to its location, seasonal climate, variety of activities to experience and its encompassing marketing strategy. The tourism industry employs in excess of 600 in Cleveland County and ranks in the top 10 of North Carolina's 100 Counties. The Cleveland County Travel and Tourism does an excellent job of promoting the County and surrounding areas. The County is home to the Earl Scruggs Center, Don Gibson Theatre, Joy Performance Center, the American Legion World Series, numerous festivals and walking trails and many other attractions and cultural experiences.

CLEVELAND COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CHART OF CONSTRUCTION VALUES AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

				Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Permits	<u>D</u>	ollar Value	<u>Rates</u>
2019	348	\$	29,667,204	4.6%
2018	324	\$	40,145,389	4.3%
2017	319	\$	23,611,367	4.4%
2016	300	\$	23,168,978	5.6%
2015	262	\$	27,145,411	6.9%

The number of permits issued for new residential and commercial construction was up from FY 2019 however the dollar value of those new permits decreased by approximately \$10.4m. The local unemployment rate remained fairly steady during the fiscal year as the economy continued to show positive indicators both locally and regionally.

Healthcare and Education ranks first in County employment and manufacturing ranks second. The County continues to offer and provide economic incentive payments to companies based on the number of new hires and the total new taxable investment planned in an effort to attract new industry and to help existing industry to expand. The expansion of existing industry has been a focus of the Board of Commissioners in the recent past. The following table lists the top 10 employers in the County:

Company Name	Company Industry	Employment Range
Cleveland County Board of Education	Education & Health Services	1000+
Atrium Health	Education & Health Services	1000+
Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	Trade, Transportation & Utilities	1000+
County of Cleveland	Public Administration	1000+
Gardner-Webb University	Education & Health Services	500-999
PPG Industries Inc.	Manufacturing	500-999
Hanesbrands, Inc.	Manufacturing	500-999
Ingles Markets, Inc	Trade, Transportation & Utilities	500-999
Clearwater Paper Corporation	Manufacturing	250-499
Cleveland Community College	Education & Health Services	250-499

MAJOR INITIATIVES

FOR THE YEAR. The Board of Commissioners adopted a balanced budget for the fiscal year with no change in the county-wide ad valorem property tax rate of 57 cents per \$100 dollars of valuation. Total General fund revenues increased by approximately \$3.8m over the previous fiscal year or 3.39 percent. Total General Fund expenditures increased by approximately \$5.5m or 5.08 percent over FY 2018. Total General Fund Balance increased by \$944,549 to \$41,814,971 and the Unassigned Fund Balance amount was \$20,716,473. The net position of the County's only Enterprise Fund increased in FY 2019 by \$1,374,453.

The Commission continues to focus on a community wide economic development strategy and job creation. Unemployment in Cleveland County is 4.60% which ranks strongly across North Carolina peer Counties. In collaboration with the City of Shelby, a joint industrial park has been completed that is located in west Shelby.

Economic Development and fiscal sustainability both continue to be a high priority of the Commissions strategic plan.

For FY 2018-2019, the Board budgeted revenues conservatively without any tax increase. Expenditures for most County Departments, the community college and other outside agencies were budgeted conservatively as well.

FOR THE FUTURE.

FY 2019-2020 brings unique challenges to Cleveland County that are results of past success. Unemployment is below five percent and the County is experiencing economic growth which creates a workforce development shortage and a shortage of housing stock. Following the January 1, 2016 mandatory revaluation which resulted in net value decrease of 3.6%, the County has fully recovered from the valuation loss and has maintained steady tax rate of .57 cents. The Board of Commissioners were able to adopt a balanced budget for FY 2019-2020 with no change to the tax rate and no service interruptions.

Cleveland County has poised itself for long-term sustainability with an external focus on a strong tax base and job creation. Moving into FY 2019-2020, the County is also focused on internal strategic planning. The Strategic Goals for FY 2019-2020 include the following focus areas: Fiscal Sustainability, Economic Development, Public Safety, and Community Wellness and Citizen Engagement.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

FUND BALANCE. Fund balance should always be measured based on the portion that is available for appropriation at the end of the fiscal year. The Board's Fund Balance direction is to have at least 16 percent, with a goal of achieving 18-20 percent in General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance at fiscal year-end. Cleveland County had \$20.7 million in Unassigned General Fund Balance or 18.2 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The Local Government Commission of the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer recommends that local governments have at least 8 percent of General Fund Expenditures in Unassigned General Fund Balance available for appropriation.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. Cleveland County maintains a retiree medical plan in which the County pays 100 percent of the employee-only coverage for retirees until age 65. In general, retirees must have at least 30 years of service with the County or are at least 55, but not Medicare eligible, with a minimum of 10 years of service with the County and have a combined age and years of service total of at least 70. Retired employees, who began employment prior to July 1, 2014, meeting these criteria will be provided hospitalization in the same manner as active County employees. The County pays 100 percent of the payments for any retiree with 30 or more years of service with the County or a combined age and years of service total of at least 80. Reduced contribution rates are made by the County for retirees with a combined age and years of service that total 70 or 75 at retirement.

OTHER INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDIT. State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The firm of Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co. was selected by the government's management. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Revised State Single Audit Implementation Act of 1996 and the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, were used by the auditors in

conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in the compliance section of this report.

AWARDS. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Cleveland County, North Carolina, for the year ended June 30, 2018. This was the fifth consecutive year Cleveland County received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

USE OF THE REPORT. The Government Finance Officers Association reports a growing awareness that the annual financial report should be management's report to its governing body, constituents, oversight bodies, resource providers, investors and creditors. We agree with this direction, and in keeping with our past practice, have made available a copy of this report to each of you, bond rating agencies, the Local Government Commission, and other financial institutions which have expressed an interest in Cleveland County's financial affairs.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. A combined effort of Cleveland County Board of Commissioners, the Managers Office, Finance Department Staff and other county departments, along with Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co. made preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report possible. Each has my sincere appreciation for their contributions made towards the completion of this report.

In closing, I wish to thank the Board of Commissioners for their leadership in making Cleveland County a fiscally sound, well-governed community. Without the support of the Board of Commissioners and County Management, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Lucas Jackson Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

County of Cleveland North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

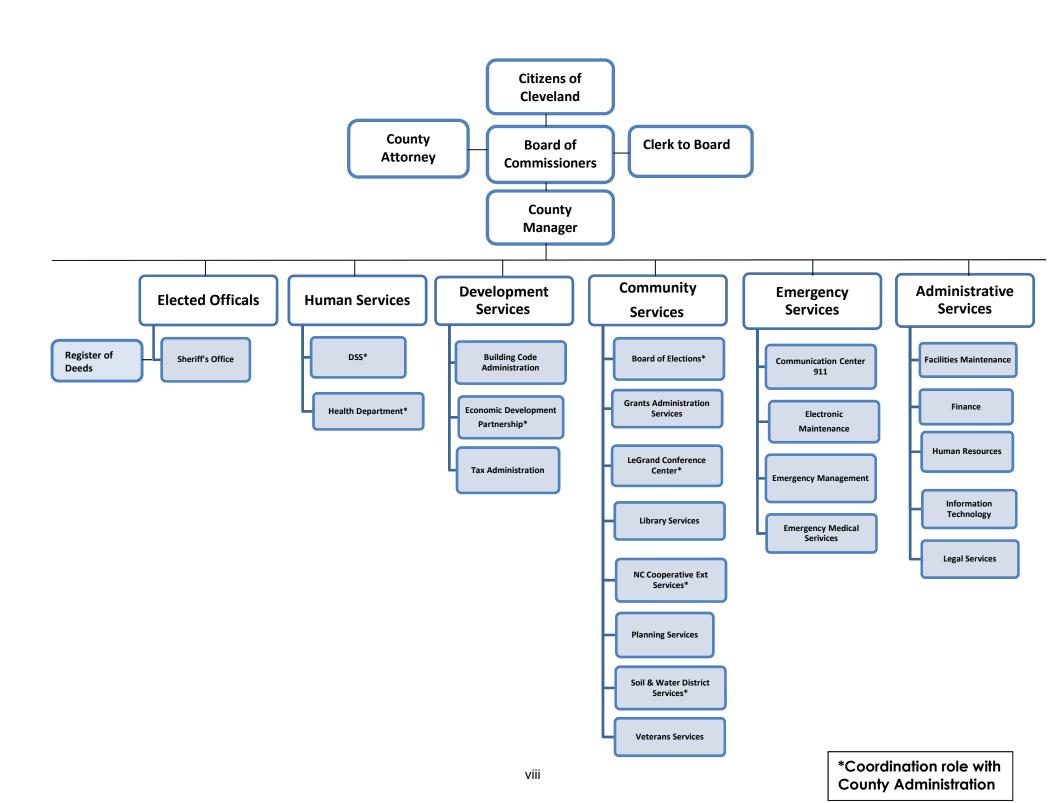
Executive Director/CEO

List of Principal Officials

June 30, 2019

Board of Commissioners

Chairman	Ronnie Whetstine
Commissioner	Doug Bridges
Commissioner	Deb Hardin
County Officials	
Asst County Manager	Kerri Melton
County Manager	
Building Codes Administrator	Paul Ezell
Clerk to the Board	Phyllis Nowlen
Cooperative Extension Director	Greg Traywick
County Tax Assessor	Chris Green
Tax Collector	
County Attorney	Elliot Engstrom
Elections Director	Clifton Philbeck
Electronic Equipment Services Director	Daryl Sando
EMS Director	Ryan Wilmoth
Finance Director	Lucas Jackson
Fire Marshal/Emergency Services Director	
Human Resources Director	Allison Mauney
Information Technology Director	Marty Gold
LeGrand Conference Center Director	Jason Falls
Library Director	Carol Wilson
Maintenance Director	Scott Bowman
Planning Director	Chris Martin
Public Health Director	Dorothea Wyant
Register of Deeds	Betsy Harnage
Sheriff	Alan Norman
Social Services Director	
Soil and Water Conservation District	
Solid Waste & Animal Services	
Travel & Tourism	
Veteran Services Officer	Debra Conn



FINANCIAL SECTION

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Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.



P.O Box 398 1626 S. Madison Street Whiteville, NC 28472 Telephone (910) 642-2109 Fax (910) 642-5958

> Alan W. Thompson, CPA R. Bryon Scott, CPA Gregory S. Adams, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of County Commissioners Cleveland County Shelby, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cleveland County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Cleveland County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information Cleveland County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 15, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and County Contributions on pages 74 and 75, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Schedule of County Contributions on pages 76 and 77, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of covered payroll on pages 78 and 79, and Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, page 80, presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Cleveland County, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2019 on our consideration of Cleveland County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Cleveland County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Dice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC November 19, 2019 This page was left blank intentionally.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

As management of Cleveland County, we offer readers of Cleveland County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Cleveland County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here, in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

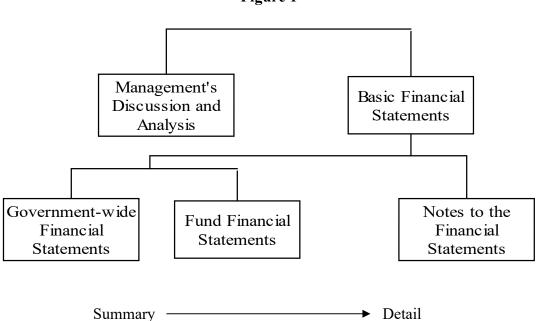
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Cleveland County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$118,383,080 (net position). In accordance with North Carolina law, liabilities of the County include approximately \$19,869,275 in long-term debt associated with assets which the County does not hold title. These assets are not reflected in the County's financial statements and the full amount of the long-term debt is reported.
- The County's total net position increased by \$4,932,289, primarily due to increased property tax revenues accompanied with decreased expenses in Governmental and Business-Type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Cleveland County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$61,957,143. That amount is a decrease of \$879,288, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 36.60 percent of this total amount, or \$22,678,583, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$20,716,473 or 18.2 percent, of total General Fund expenditures, not including transfers.
- Cleveland County's limited obligation and installment note debt decreased \$5,355,347 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Cleveland County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Cleveland County.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the government-wide financial statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through J) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The final section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. Following the notes is the **required supplemental information**. This section contains funding information about the County's pension plans. After the required supplemental information, **supplemental schedules** are provided to show details about the County's nonmajor governmental funds and the Internal Service Fund all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole. The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into the following two types of activities:

Government Activities. These activities of the County include general government, public safety, environmental protection, economic and physical development, human services, education, and cultural recreation. Property taxes, along with state and federal grants, finance most of these activities.

Business-Type Activities. The County charges fees to recover the costs associated with providing certain services. The activities include solid waste and sewage disposal.

The government-wide financial statements directly follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis of this report on Exhibits A and B.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Cleveland County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Cleveland County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in-and-out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities, is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds. The Enterprise Fund is the only proprietary-type fund that the County utilizes. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for solid waste disposal and user disposal fees. These funds are the same as those shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of others. The County has eight major agency funds and several smaller agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements directly follow the basic financial statements of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Cleveland County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found directly following the notes of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Cleveland County's Net Position

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
		2019		2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Assets:								·
Current and other assets	\$	70,360,235	\$	70,259,084	\$ 4,430,409	\$ 3,200,122	\$ 74,790,644	\$ 73,459,206
Capital assets		119,305,857		119,875,818	23,143,736	22,669,381	142,449,593	142,545,199
Total assets		189,666,092		190,134,902	27,574,145	25,869,503	217,240,237	216,004,405
Deferred Outflows								
of Resources		10,878,241	_	7,483,612	529,617	355,027	11,407,858	7,838,639
Liabilities:								
Long-term liabilities		82,915,131		83,852,698	15,149,785	14,712,518	98,064,916	98,565,216
Other liabilities		10,413,476		10,300,210	215,394	171,258	10,628,870	10,471,468
Total liabilities		93,328,607		94,152,908	15,365,179	14,883,776	108,693,786	109,036,684
Deferred Inflows								
of Resources		1,506,728		1,314,444	64,501	41,125	1,571,229	1,355,569
Net Position: Net investment in								
capital assets		86,494,103		84,463,578	23,143,736	22,669,381	109,637,839	107,132,959
Restricted		22,268,506		21,675,433	-	-	22,268,506	21,675,433
Unrestricted		(3,053,611)		(3,987,849)	(10,469,654)	(11,369,752)	(13,523,265)	(15,357,601)
Total net position	\$	105,708,998	\$	102,151,162	\$12,674,082	\$11,299,629	\$ 118,383,080	\$ 113,450,791

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Cleveland County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$118,383,080 as of June 30, 2019. The County's net position increased by \$4,932,289 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Net position of the County is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets of \$109,637,839; restricted net position of \$22,268,506; and unrestricted net position of \$(13,523,265).

The net investment in capital assets category is defined as the County's investment in County-owned capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, automotive equipment, and office and other equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other resources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position consists of restrictions for stabilization for State statute, register of deeds emergency 911 funds, other public safety protection costs, economic and physical development, human services, cultural and recreational, education, and other unspent restricted proceeds.

Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school system and the community college. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide the school system and the community college capital funding by using a mixture of County funds and the issuance of debt. These assets funded by the County are owned by the County and leased to the school system and the community college over the term of the debt. After the debt is completely serviced, the title of the asset is passed to the school system or community college.

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations influenced the total governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of all revenue sources, both current and delinquent
- A strong property tax collection rate of 98.56 percent
- Other budgetary control efforts
- Budgetary re-engineering and cost benefit analyses
- Management's proactive stance on monitoring budget compliance without slowing County growth and operations.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$3,557,836. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increased property tax and program revenues
- Decreased capital project activity

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$1,374,453. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increased charges for services and disposal tax revenues
- Decreased post closure costs

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

Cleveland County's Change in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Tot	al
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 11,184,144	\$ 10,614,229	\$ 7,404,183	\$ 7,305,117	\$ 18,588,327	\$ 17,919,346
Operating grants						
and contributions	21,324,215	21,904,953	-	-	21,324,215	21,904,953
Capital grants and	7,106,271	5 224 109			7,106,271	5 224 109
contributions	7,100,271	5,224,198	-	-	7,100,271	5,224,198
General revenues:						
Property taxes	66,988,662	63,398,807	-	-	66,988,662	63,398,807
Other taxes	21,420,209	21,547,967	788,587	644,313	22,208,796	22,192,280
Other	2,066,867	1,527,506	77,333	26,814	2,144,200	1,554,320
Total revenues	130,090,368	124,217,660	8,270,103	7,976,244	138,360,471	132,193,904
Expenses:						
General government	16,206,681	13,385,504	-	-	16,206,681	13,385,504
Public safety	31,238,186	29,382,033	-	-	31,238,186	29,382,033
Environmental protection	169,678	186,362	-	-	169,678	186,362
Economic and						
physical development	7,042,187	17,169,078	-	-	7,042,187	17,169,078
Human services	35,995,884	34,213,345	-	-	35,995,884	34,213,345
Cultural and recreational	1,503,021	1,575,146	-	-	1,503,021	1,575,146
Education	32,645,084	32,706,674	-	-	32,645,084	32,706,674
Interest on						
long-term debt	2,247,146	2,411,379	-	-	2,247,146	2,411,379
Solid waste disposal	-	-	6,380,315	7,916,155	6,380,315	7,916,155
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenses	127,047,867	131,029,521	6,380,315	7,916,155	133,428,182	138,945,676
Increase (decrease)						
in net position						
before transfers	3,042,501	(6,811,861)	1,889,788	60,089	4,932,289	(6,751,772)
Transfers	515,335	515,335	(515,335)	(515,335)		
Increase (decrease) in net	3,557,836	(6,296,526)	1,374,453	(455,246)	4,932,289	(6,751,772)
position	3,537,630	(0,270,320)	1,5 / 1, 155	(155,210)	1,732,207	(0,731,772)
N / D */*						
Net Position:						
Beginning of year - July 1,	102,151,162	116,998,730	11,299,629	11,976,369	113,450,791	128,975,099
previously reported Restatement		(8,551,042)		(221,494)		(8,772,536)
Beginning of year - July 1,	-				-	
restated	102,151,162	108,447,688	11,299,629	11,754,875	113,450,791	120,202,563
End of year - June 30	\$ 105,708,998	\$102,151,162	\$ 12,674,082	\$ 11,299,629	\$ 118,383,080	\$113,450,791

As noted earlier, Cleveland County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Cleveland County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Cleveland County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Cleveland County. At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance of the General Fund was \$32,662,447 while total fund balance was \$41,814,971. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare available fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. Available fund balance represents 28.0 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out while total fund balance represents 35.8 percent of that same amount.

The governing body of Cleveland County has determined that the County should maintain an unassigned fund balance of 16% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the County. The County currently has an unassigned fund balance percentage of 18.3 percent.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of the County reported a combined fund balance of \$61,957,143, a 1.4 percent decrease from last year. The decrease in fund balance was primarily due to increased expenditure activity in the Reimbursement Resolution Capital Project Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Reimbursement Resolution Capital Project Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$1,202,094. The School Capital Reserve Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$452,426 primarily due to decreased revenues.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. The County's financial position increased during FY 2019 due to General Fund expenditures coming in well under budget at fiscal year-end. County departments' diligence in monitoring their operational budgets resulted in total expenditures being \$5.2 million under budget at fiscal year-end. Most notable the human services function had total expenditures \$2.4 million under budget at fiscal year end. On the revenue side, the largest positive budget variances were in ad valorem tax revenues and investment earnings.

The County revised the budget for various reasons during the fiscal year. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$806,227, or 0.72 percent, and expenditures by \$3,514,638, or 3.1 percent, of the original budget. Total actual revenues exceeded amended budgeted amounts by \$2.7 million with most of that increase related to increased investment income, local option sales tax, and ad valorem tax revenues. Total actual expenditures were \$5.2 million less than amended budgeted amounts, with the majority of that

amount relating to expenditures lower than budgeted in human services, economic and physical development, and public safety.

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Total net position for the proprietary fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$12,674,082. During the fiscal year 2019, proprietary fund net position increased \$1,374,453. The increase in total net position for the proprietary funds is primarily due to decreased expenditures of approximately \$1.9m in post closure cost liability.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 totals \$142,449,593 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, plant and distribution systems, equipment, automotive equipment, and construction in progress.

Cleveland County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Land	\$	17,191,765	\$ 17,253,594	\$ 18,911,351	\$ 18,912,848	\$ 36,103,116	\$ 36,166,442
Buildings		90,391,175	79,955,561	817,615	849,028	91,208,790	80,804,589
Plant and distribution							
systems		-	-	130,819	140,977	130,819	140,977
Equipment		5,221,767	6,019,696	3,279,221	2,761,247	8,500,988	8,780,943
Vehicles and motor							
equipment		2,280,077	2,743,630	4,730	5,281	2,284,807	2,748,911
Construction in							
progress		4,221,073	13,903,337			4,221,073	13,903,337
Total	\$	119,305,857	\$ 119,875,818	\$ 23,143,736	\$ 22,669,381	\$ 142,449,593	\$142,545,199

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 2, capital assets section of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, Cleveland County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$12,250,000. The County also has multiple installment notes outstanding, of which the majority is related to debt issued for the construction and renovation of school, county and community college facilities. A summary of long-term debt is shown in Figure 5.

Cleveland County's Outstanding Debt & Long-Term Liabilities

Figure 5

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2019	2018	2019		2018		_	2019		2018
Limited obligation bonds	\$ 12,250,000	\$ 13,335,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,250,000	\$	13,335,000
Installment purchases	40,705,115	44,975,462					_	40,705,115	_	44,975,462
Total	\$ 52,955,115	\$ 58,310,462	\$	<u>- :</u>	5	-	\$	52,955,115	\$	58,310,462

The bond ratings are a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the County, which helps to keep interest cost low on the County's outstanding debt. Cleveland County worked through a detailed bond rating review process with both S&P and Moody's in the current year, receiving excellent ratings.

Standard & Poors	AA-
Moody's	Aa2

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to eight percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Cleveland County is \$663,426,394.

Additional information regarding Cleveland County's long-term debt can be found in note 2, Long Term Debt section of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

The FY 2019-20 budget was approved by the Cleveland County Board of Commission at an an unchanged property tax rate of 57 cents per \$100 of property valuation. The FY 19-20 budget is the fourth budget post revaluation, and the County's tax base has recovered nicely primarily due growth in the manufacturing industry. The projected tax base for fiscal year 2019-20 is approximately \$9.2 billion which creates a projected revenue increase of 5.1% at the approved 57 cents tax rate and a historically driven collection rate.

The FY 19-20 budget reflects the Board's continued investment in the workforce. The Board approved a 2% pay increase for all full-time employees. There are also appropriations included in the budget to finish a professional pay and classification study.

The Board also continues to keep a focus on internal operations and the budget includes funding for several organizational projects: facilities master plan, energy conservation initiative, and a system wide I.T. upgrade.

The FY 19-20 budget also reflects an unchanged rate for Cleveland County Schools at 15 cents per \$100 of property valuation.

The Cleveland County Board of County Commissioners have developed strategic goals that are broken into five focus areas for the 2019-2020 fiscal year budget. Economic development and

the recruitment of new industry into Cleveland County continues to be the primary priority of the Commissioners strategic goals. The economic development focus area identifies key strategic benchmarks to grow the County's tax base and increase local jobs. Also identified as focus areas on the Commissioners strategic goals are fiscal sustainability, public safety, community wellness and citizen engagement.

The following factors were considered when developing the FY 2020 budget:

• Fiscal Sustainability:

- o Maintaining a minimum un-assigned fund balance percentage of 18-20%
- o ERP County-wide Software upgrade
- o Increased staff salaries and decreased employee turnover
- o Creation of a Master Facility Plan
- Operational Re-Engineering & Implementation
- o Improved aspects of the employee health plan
- o Implementation of 5-year Capital Improvement Plan

• Economic Development :

- o Funding for future economic incentive projects and job creation.
- o Management of occupancy tax revenue aimed at growing travel/tourism throughout Cleveland County.
- o Partner with Cleveland Community College and Cleveland County Schools to promote dual-tract and workforce development
- o Assist the Agriculture community in their efforts to promote Agriculture as an economic development opportunity

• Public Safety:

- o Acquiring American Red Cross building adding additional space for emergency services.
- o Continued support for County volunteer fire departments and monitoring of service demands on the County's emergency service departments.
- o Review current security standards in County buildings and apply best practices model.
- o Cleveland County 800mhz Motorola trunking system management plan − 5 Year Refresh

• Community Wellness:

- A strong continued relationship with the local YMCA to provide benefits to Cleveland County employees and in an effort to promote wellness throughout the County.
- Engaging in the fight against opioid epidemic and continued momentum of the Partnering for Community Prosperity project.
- o Educational campaign to encourage a cleaner community

- o Striving to improve County Health Rankings and the ability to access health care.
- o Expanding telemedicine program to serve more County schools.

• Citizen Engagement:

- o Update of County website and increased social media engagement
- o Foothills Public Shooting Complex expansion partnership with North Carolina Wildlife Commission
- o Continued support through municipal grant program

Business-Type Activities. The solid waste household fees and current tipping fees were budgeted based on the adopted rate schedule for the 19-20 budget year which included a slight increase in fee changes. Management has developed a 10-year rate schedule to offset rising operational and personnel costs as well as future post closure and expansion costs. Management has included additional funding for convenience center site improvements in 19-20 budget year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide an overview of Cleveland County's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Cleveland County Finance Director, 311 East Marion St. Shelby, North Carolina.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – OVERVIEW

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 48,389,133	\$ 3,643,841	\$ 52,032,974
Taxes receivable, net	1,708,293	-	1,708,293
Receivables, net	12,487,472	786,568	13,274,040
Inventories	108,852	-	108,852
Prepaid items	447,172	-	447,172
Note receivable	-	-	-
Restricted cash	7,085,817		7,085,817
Total current assets	70,226,739	4,430,409	74,657,148
Non-current assets:			
Net pension asset	133,496	-	133,496
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	21,412,838	18,911,351	40,324,189
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	97,893,019	4,232,385	102,125,404
Total capital assets	119,305,857	23,143,736	142,449,593
Total non-current assets	119,439,353	23,143,736	142,583,089
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
OPEB defferals	1,131,481	59,552	1,191,033
Pension deferrals	9,746,760	470,065	10,216,825
Total deferred outflows of resources	10,878,241	529,617	11,407,858
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	200,544,333	28,103,762	228,648,095
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,406,746	204,016	4,610,762
Due within one year	6,006,730	13,188	6,019,918
Total current liabilities	10,413,476	217,204	10,630,680
Long-term liabilities:	52.012.100	12.520.255	66.550.505
Due in more than one year	52,812,180	13,738,355	66,550,535
Net pension liability - LGERS	11,714,224	592,537	12,306,761
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	2,829,769	- 010 002	2,829,769
Total OPEB liability Total long-term liabilities	15,558,958 82,915,131	818,893 15,149,785	<u>16,377,851</u> 98,064,916
· ·			
Total liabilities	93,328,607	15,366,989	108,695,596
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	170 747		170 747
Prepaid taxes OPER deffereds	179,747	58,303	179,747
OPEB defferals	1,107,752		1,166,055
Pension deferrals Total deferred inflows of resources	219,229 1,506,728	4,388 62,691	223,617 1,569,419
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	86,494,103	23,143,736	109,637,839
Restricted for:			
Stabilization for State statute	10,566,829	-	10,566,829
Register of Deeds	172,918	-	172,918
Register of Deeds' pension plan	145,947	-	145,947
Public safety	2,097,032	-	2,097,032
Education	7,070,391	-	7,070,391
Human services	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Cultural and recreation	215,389	-	215,389
Unrestricted	(3,053,611)	(10,469,654)	
Total net position	\$ 105,708,998	\$ 12,674,082	\$ 118,383,080

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ the\ financial\ statements}.$

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs:	 Expenses	_	Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 16,206,681	\$	3,906,891	\$	1,521,611	\$	-
Public safety	31,238,186		3,206,964		464,295		1,861,658
Environmental protection	169,678		-		-		_
Economic and physical development	7,042,187		238,696		-		2,345,007
Human services	35,995,884		3,831,593		19,304,541		1,855,251
Cultural and recreational	1,503,021		-		33,768		-
Education	32,645,084		-		-		1,044,355
Interest on long-term debt	 2,247,146		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		
Total governmental activities	 127,047,867	_	11,184,144	_	21,324,215	_	7,106,271
Business-Type Activities:							
Solid Waste	 6,380,315	_	7,404,183				
Total business-type activities	 6,380,315	_	7,404,183			_	
Total primary government	\$ 133,428,182	\$	18,588,327	\$	21,324,215	\$	7,106,271

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
	Primary G				
Functions/Programs:	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ (10,778,179)	\$ -	\$ (10,778,179)		
Public safety	(25,705,269)	-	(25,705,269)		
Environmental protection	(169,678)	-	(169,678)		
Economic and physical development	(4,458,484)	-	(4,458,484)		
Human services	(11,004,499)	-	(11,004,499)		
Cultural and recreational	(1,469,253)	-	(1,469,253)		
Education	(31,600,729)	-	(31,600,729)		
Interest on long-term debt	(2,247,146)		(2,247,146)		
Total governmental activities	(87,433,237)		(87,433,237)		
Business-Type Activities:					
Landfill	-	1,023,868	1,023,868		
Total business-type activities		1,023,868	1,023,868		
Total primary government	(87,433,237)	1,023,868	(86,409,369)		
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	66,988,662	-	66,988,662		
Local option sales tax	21,292,439	-	21,292,439		
Other taxes and licenses	127,770	788,587	916,357		
Investment earnings, unrestricted	1,316,562	77,333	1,393,895		
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	750,305		750,305		
Total general revenues	90,475,738	865,920	91,341,658		
Capital contribution					
Transfers	515,335	(515,335)	_		
Total general revenues, capital contribution, and transfers	90,991,073	350,585	91,341,658		
Change in net position	3,557,836	1,374,453	4,932,289		
Net Position:					
Beginning of year - July 1, previously reported	102,151,162	11,299,629	113,450,791		
Restatement Beginning of year - July 1, restated	102,151,162	11,299,629	113,450,791		
End of year - June 30	\$ 105,708,998	\$ 12,674,082	\$ 118,383,080		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>Major</u>				Nonmajor					
	General			eimbursement Resolution Capital Project Fund	n Capital		Other Governmental Funds		_	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	e.	26 720 244	Ф	(017 070	e		d.	4.741.012	e	40 200 124
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,729,244 1,632,423	\$	6,917,978	\$	-	\$	4,741,912	\$	48,389,134
Taxes receivable, net Due from other governments		294,855		-		-		75,870		1,708,293 294,855
Other receivables, net		10,273,452		-		897,918		1,021,247		12,192,617
Due from other funds		413,347		_		657,516		1,021,247		413,347
Inventories		108,852		_		_		_		108,852
Prepaid items		396,008		_		_		51,164		447,172
Restricted assets:		,						,		,
Cash and investments		15,426		-		6,561,861		508,530		7,085,817
Total assets	\$	49,863,607	\$	6,917,978	\$	7,459,779	\$	6,398,723	\$	70,640,087
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,906,093	\$	_	\$	-	\$	141,474	\$	4,047,567
Due to other funds		-		-		-		413,347		413,347
Total liabilities	_	3,906,093				-	_	554,821	_	4,460,914
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Property taxes receivable		1,632,423		-		-		75,870		1,708,293
Prepaid taxes		176,130		-		-		3,617		179,747
Other receivables		2,333,990	_	-		<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	2,333,990
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,142,543	_		_		_	79,487	_	4,222,030
Fund Balances: Non-spendable:										
Inventory		108,852		_		_		_		108,852
Prepaid items		396,008		-		_		51,164		447,172
Restricted:		,						,		,
Stabilization for State statute		8,647,664		_		897,918		1,021,247		10,566,829
Restricted for Register of Deeds		172,918		-		-		-		172,918
Restricted, all other		2,465,389		-		6,561,861		2,355,562		11,382,812
Committed		1,015,426		8,120,072		-		3,128		9,138,626
Assigned for subsequent year's expenditures		4,992,241		-		-		-		4,992,241
Assigned, all other		3,300,000		-		-		2,794,155		6,094,155
Unassigned		20,716,473	_	(1,202,094)	_		_	(460,841)	_	19,053,538
Total fund balances		41,814,971	_	6,917,978	_	7,459,779	_	5,764,415		61,957,143
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,										
and fund balances	\$	49,863,607	\$	6,917,978	\$	7,459,779	\$	6,398,723	\$	70,640,087

		Exhibit C (continued)
Amounts reported in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because:		
Total fund balance, Government Funds	\$	61,957,143
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		119,305,856
Deferred inflows in the governmental funds are used to offset accounts receivable not expected to be available within 90 days of year-end. These receivables are a component of net assets in the Statement of Net Position.		4,042,283
Long-term liabilities and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(58,818,910)
Net pension asset		133,496
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not related in the funds.		9,746,760
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not related in the funds.		1,131,481
Some liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(359,179)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not related in the funds.		(219,229)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not related in the funds.		(1,107,752)
Net pension liability		(11,714,224)
Total OPEB liability		(15,558,958)
Total pension liability	_	(2,829,769)

\$ 105,708,998

Net position of governmental activities

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Major				Nonmajor			
	_	General Fund]	imbursement Resolution pital Project Fund		School Capital Reserve Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	¢	62 922 941	¢.		\$		\$	2 225 094	\$	67.057.025
Ad valorem taxes Local option sales taxes	\$	63,822,841 16,542,035	\$	-	Э	3,483,998	3	3,235,084 1,266,406	\$	67,057,925 21,292,439
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		10,342,033		-		3,463,996		1,200,400		127,770
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		21,516,935		_		1,044,353		4,272,881		26,834,169
Permits and fees		4,699,153		_		1,044,555		4,272,001		4,699,153
Sales and services		7,212,000		_		_		_		7,212,000
Investment earnings		1,026,578		69,961		149,775		70,248		1,316,562
Miscellaneous		610,782		-		-		139,523		750,305
Total revenues		115,558,094		69,961	_	4,678,126		8,984,142		129,290,323
Expenditures: Current:										
General government		11,625,687		-		-		1,504,150		13,129,837
Public safety		25,391,553		-		-		4,420,007		29,811,560
Environmental protection		167,498		-		-		-		167,498
Economic and physical development		6,284,388		-		-		2,864,692		9,149,080
Human services		34,799,076		-		-		-		34,799,076
Cultural and recreational		1,320,498						-		1,320,498
Education		31,401,693		-		-		749,376		32,151,069
Insurance settlements		2,481,576		-		-		-		2,481,576
Debt service:		4040=0								
Principal retirement		106,878		-		-		5,355,347		5,462,225
Interest and other charges		- 112 570 047		-	_	-		2,282,665	-	2,282,665
Total expenditures	_	113,578,847						17,176,237		130,755,084
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	1,979,247		69,961	_	4,678,126		(8,192,095)		(1,464,761)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Capital lease financing issued		70,138		-		-		-		70,138
Transfers from other funds		1,977,374		-		-		-		1,977,374
From General Fund		-		-		-		3,082,210		3,082,210
From Capital Reserve Fund		-		-		-		1,119,776		1,119,776
From School Capital Reserve		-		-		-		3,680,552		3,680,552
From Reimbursement Resolution CRF		(2.002.210)		(1.252.055)		- (5.120.552)		1,272,055		1,272,055
Transfers to other funds	_	(3,082,210)		(1,272,055)		(5,130,552)		(1,131,815)	-	(10,616,632)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,034,698)		(1,272,055)	_	(5,130,552)	-	8,022,778		585,473
Net change in fund balances		944,549		(1,202,094)		(452,426)		(169,317)		(879,288)
Fund Balances:										
Beginning of year - July 1		40,870,422		8,120,072		7,912,205		5,933,732	-	62,836,431
End of year - June 30	\$	41,814,971	\$	6,917,978	\$	7,459,779	\$	5,764,415	\$	61,957,143

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different due to the following items:

Total net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(879,288)
Property tax revenues and other fees and services in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds statement.		256,436
EMS revenues and other revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds statement.		674,617
Expenses related to compensated absences that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.		(467,005)
Pension expense - LEOSSA		(84,567)
Pension expense - LGERS		(504,575)
Pension expense - ROD		(6,893)
OPEB plan expense		(288,533)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.		4,967,092
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.		(5,406,046)
Net gain/loss on the disposal of capital assets, not recognized on modified accrual basis.		(131,008)
Accrued interest that does not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.		35,519
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but does not effect net assets.		(70,138)
Principal repayments and capital lease payments are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, these transactions are not an expense, rather they are a decrease in liabilities.		5,462,225
Total change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	3,557,836

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund					
	D. 1	I A		Variance from		
	Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Final Budget Postive/Negative		
Revenues:	Original	Tinai	Actual	1 ostive/ivegative		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 62,285,970	\$ 62,285,970	\$ 63,822,841	\$ 1,536,871		
Local option sales taxes	15,857,500	15,857,500	16,542,035	684,535		
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	136,000	136,000	127,770	(8,230)		
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	21,416,868	22,062,362	21,516,935	(545,427)		
Permits and fees	4,446,242	4,447,242	4,699,153	251,911		
Sales and services	7,231,287	7,203,287	7,212,000	8,713		
Investment earnings	327,500	327,500	1,026,578	699,078		
Miscellaneous	393,835	581,568	610,782	29,214		
Total revenues	112,095,202	112,901,429	115,558,094	2,656,665		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	11,750,544	12,228,405	11,625,687	602,718		
Public safety	25,221,968	26,333,590	25,391,553	942,037		
Environmental protection	212,103	206,048	167,498	38,550		
Economic and physical development	7,187,470	7,088,553	6,284,388	804,165		
Human services	36,562,378	37,182,854	34,799,076	2,383,778		
Cultural and recreational	1,346,087	1,576,658	1,320,498	256,160		
Intergovernmental:						
Education	31,049,985	31,402,561	31,401,693	868		
Risk management	1,077,784	2,481,641	2,481,576	65		
Contingency	750,000	166,657	-	166,657		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	124,117	130,107	106,878	23,229		
Interest and other charges	440	440	-	440		
Total expenditures	115,282,876	118,797,514	113,578,847	5,218,667		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,187,674)	(5,896,085)	1,979,247	7,875,332		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Capital lease financing issued	-	-	70,138	70,138		
Transfers from other funds	2,050,335	2,050,335	1,977,374	(72,961)		
Transfers to other funds	(4,809,730)	(3,770,732)	(3,082,210)	688,522		
Appropriated fund balance	5,947,069	7,616,482		(7,616,482)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,187,674	5,896,085	(1,034,698)	(6,930,783)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	944,549	\$ 944,549		
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1			40,870,422			
End of year - June 30			\$ 41,814,971			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities
	Major
	Solid Waste Fund
Assets:	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	3,643,841
Accounts receivable, net	786,568
Total current assets	4,430,409
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	10.011.071
Land and construction in progress	18,911,351
Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total non-current assets	4,232,385 23,143,736
1 otal non-current assets	25,145,/30
Total assets	27,574,145
Deferred Outflow of Resources:	50.552
OPEB deferrals Pension deferrals	59,552 470,065
Total deferred outflows of resources	529,617
Total deterred outflows of resources	
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	187,727
Accrued payroll	14,479
Prepaid taxes	1,810
Current portion of compensated absences Total current liabilities	13,188 217,204
Total current habilities	
Non-current liabilities:	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	
Customer deposits	-
Other non-current liabilities:	12 (12 (61
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs	13,619,664
Compensated absences	118,691
Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	592,537 818,893
Total non-current liabilities	15,149,785
Total non-eutrent naomities	13,113,765
Total liabilities	15,366,989
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Pension defferals	4,388
OPEB deferrals	58,303
Total deferred outflows of resources	62,691
Total deferred outflows of resources	
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	23,143,736
Unrestricted	(10,469,654)
Total net position	\$ 12,674,082
	Ψ 12,074,002
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities
	Major
	Solid Waste Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 7,404,183
Unrestricted intergovernmental	788,587
Total operating revenues	8,192,770
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and employee benefits	2,089,437
Other operating expenses	3,458,771
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs	226,511
Depreciation	828,741
Total operating expenses	6,603,460
Operating income (loss)	1,589,310
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Interest income	77,333
Gain/(loss) on a sale	223,145
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	300,478
Income (loss) before capital	
contributions and transfers	1,889,788
Transfers:	
Transfers out	(515,335)
Net transfers	(515,335)
Change in net position	1,374,453
Net Position:	
Beginning of year - July 1	11,299,629
End of year - June 30	\$ 12,674,082

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund Major
	Solid Waste Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 8,221,850
Cash paid for goods and services	(3,413,504)
Cash paid to employees for services	(2,031,267)
Customer deposits	241
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,777,320
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	
Transfers out	(515,335)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(515,335)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,304,593)
Proceeds from sale of long-term asset	224,642
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities	(1,079,951)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Interest on investments	77,333
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,259,367
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Beginning of year - July 1	2,384,472
End of year - June 30	\$ 3,643,841

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund		
	<u>Major</u>		
	Solid Waste Fund		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net			
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	ф. 1.500.210		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,589,310		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to			
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	000 = 44		
Depreciation	828,741		
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs	226,511		
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	29,080		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	45,267		
Increase (decrease) in prepayments	241		
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	4,380		
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(10,323)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions	(181,042)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	6,452		
Increase in net pension liability	217,137		
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension	3,200		
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	18,366		
Total adjustments	1,188,010		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,777,320		
Contributed capital assets	<u>\$</u>		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Agency Funds
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	406,070
Accounts receivable		1,044,738
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,450,808
Liabilities:		
Intergovernmental payable	<u>\$</u>	1,450,808
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,450,808

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Cleveland County (the "County") and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County and its component unit, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. Cleveland County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the Authority) is the County's sole component unit.

Cleveland County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority

The Cleveland County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private business for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member Board of Commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government net position (the County). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (1) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Reimbursement Resolution Capital Project Fund. This fund accounts for reimbursement proceeds used to fund capital initiatives of the County.

School Capital Reserve Fund. This fund accounts for local funds and financing proceeds used to fund school construction projects.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Solid Waste Fund. This fund accounts for the maintenance and post-closure of the County's landfill, transfer station operations, and recycling.

The County also reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds. Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The County maintains two special revenue funds, Emergency Telephone System Fund (E-911) and Fire Districts Fund.

Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund accounts for funds set aside to meet certain long-term debt requirements.

Capital Project Funds. The capital project funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction for major capital facilities (other than those by proprietary funds, special assessments, or trust funds). The County has twelve non-major capital project funds within the governmental fund types: North Shelby School, County General Capital Projects Fund, Public Shooting Range, Foothills Commerce Center, Kings Mountain Gate Way Trail-Phase 5, Washburn Switch Road, Pinnacle Turn Lane, Economic Development, Jail Consolidation, Enterprise Resource Planning, Fair Enhancement, and the Capital Reserve Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for position the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: 1) Fines and Forfeitures Fund, which accounts for the collection and payment of fines and forfeitures to the Board of Education in the County; 2) Social Services Fund, which accounts for monies deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; 3) the Inmate Fund, which accounts for monies deposited with the County's Detention Center for the benefit of specific matters; 4) the Rescue Squad Fund, which accounts for monies that the County holds for the benefit of four rescue squad entities (Grover, Kings Mountain, Shelby, and Upper Cleveland Rescue); 5) the Property Tax Fund, which accounts for property taxes that are billed and collected by the County on behalf of two fire districts, one water authority, and fourteen municipalities with the County.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, propriety fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Long-term debt issued and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with the change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in the financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

C. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for the County's General Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund (E-911), Fire Districts Fund, General Capital Projects Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, School Capital Reserve Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and Debt Service Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the all other special revenue and capital project funds.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. The Budget Officer is authorized to transfer authorized appropriations within a function and to amend the authorized budget for pass-through funds, including federal and State grants. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary; the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The County's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT- Government Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Money for Tax Revaluation is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statue 153A-150. Money for North Shelby School Capital Project Fund is classified as restricted assets because the funding is unspent debt proceeds. Money in the School Capital Reserve Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statue 159-18 through 22. Customer deposits held by the County before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The following table illustrates the breakdown of Cleveland County's restricted cash:

Governmental Activities

Fund	Purpose	Amount							
General Fund	Tax revaluation	\$	15,426						
North Shelby School Capital Project Fund	Unspent debt proceeds		508,530						
School Capital Reserve Fund	Restricted for school capital		6,561,861						
Total		\$	7,085,817						
Business-T	Business-Type Activities								
Solid Waste	Customer deposits	\$							

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to such taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund and County Fire Service Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the County are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market values. The County's General Fund inventory consists of pharmaceuticals and certain pharmaceutical supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Cleveland County accounts for prepaid items using the consumption method of accounting. Under this methodology purchases are debited to a prepaid asset account and are recorded as expenditures when used rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows for the year ended June

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

30, 2019: land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; equipment and furniture, \$5,000; vehicles and motorized equipment, \$10,000; computer software, \$5,000; and computer equipment, \$500. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Cleveland County Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education after all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Cleveland County Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Assets	Useful Lives
Computer equipment	3 years
Electronic items and vehicles	5 years
Firearms, furniture, and equipment	7 years
Infrastructure and improvements	15 years
Buildings	39 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as leave when earned. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and are accounted for on an LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

The overtime policy of the County provides for the accumulation of up to sixty days (480 hours) for non-exempt public safety employees and up to thirty days for all other non-exempt employees. Non-exempt employees will earn compensatory hours at the rate of one and one-half the number of hours worked above forty hours during a specific week. Exempt employees earn and hour of compensatory leave for each hour worked beyond forty in a specific week. There is no maximum ceiling for compensatory hours earned by an exempt employee because exempt employees will not be paid upon termination of employment; therefore, there is no liability reflected in the government-wide or enterprise fund financial statements for overtime earned by exempt employees. There is an expense and liability recorded in the government-wide and enterprise funds for compensated absences and salary-related overtime earned by public safety employees and all other non-exempt employees.

The sick leave policies of the County provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has two items that meet this criteria – pension related deferrals and OPEB related deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has five items that meet the criteria for this category – property taxes receivable, prepaid taxes, other receivables, pension and OPEB related deferrals.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are: allowance for doubtful accounts, depreciation lives, other post-employment benefits, and law enforcement officers' pension obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Note Receivable – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of a long-term receivable, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid Items – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaids, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislatures in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

"imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Public Safety - portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for public safety related activities such as police, fire, EMS, and E-911.

Restricted for Human Services – portion of spendable fund balance available and restricted by donors to pay for items of a human service nature, such as medications and eyeglasses for needy persons.

Restricted for Cultural and Recreation – portion of spendable fund balance restricted by donors to pay for library books, materials, equipment, and facility upgrades.

Restricted for Education – portion of spendable fund balance that can only be used for school capital per G.S. 159-18-22.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance restricted for economic development projects.

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

_	General			School Capital Reserve	Go	Other vernmental	Total			
Purpose		Fund		Fund	nd Funds Restric			Restricted		
Restricted, all other:										
Public safety	\$	250,000	\$	-	\$	1,847,032	\$	2,097,032		
Human services		2,000,000		-		-		2,000,000		
Cultural and recreation		215,389		-		-		215,389		
Education		_	_	6,561,861		508,530		7,070,391		
Total	\$	2,465,389	\$	6,561,861	\$	2,355,562	\$	11,382,812		

Restricted net position on Exhibit A varies from restricted fund balance on Exhibit C by ROD Pension Plan of \$145,947.

Committed Fund Balance

This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Tax Revaluation – represents the portion of fund balance committed by the governing body for future tax revaluation purposes.

Committed for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance committed by the governing board economic development projects.

Committed for Health and Human Services – portion of fund balance committed by the governing body to support health and human services.

Committed fund balance at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

			Rei	mbursement					
			F	Resolution		Other	Total Governmental		
		General	Ca	pital Project	Go	vernmental			
Purpose Fu		Fund	Fund			Funds	Funds		
Committed:									
Tax revaluation	\$	15,426	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,426	
Economic and physical									
development		-		8,120,072		3,128		8,123,200	
Health & Human Services		1,000,000		_				1,000,000	
Total	\$	1,015,426	\$	8,120,072	\$	3,128	\$	9,138,626	

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that Cleveland County intends to use for specific purposes. The County's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance. The Manager and Finance Director, as granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted limited authority to assign fund balance.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the Manager and Finance Director to make certain modifications without requiring board approval.

Assigned for General Government – portion of fund balance budgeted assigned by the Board to manage future general operational processes.

Assigned for Risk Management Operations—portion of fund balance budgeted assigned by the Board to manage future risk management processes.

Assigned for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance budgeted by the board for economic development and incentive projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Assigned for Debt Service – portion of fund balance budgeted by the board for future debt service needs.

Assigned fund balance at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

			Other		
	General	Go	vernmental		
Purpose	 Fund		Funds	 Total	
Assigned:					
Subsequent year's expenditures	\$ 4,992,241	\$	-	\$ 4,992,241	
General government	-		1,594,155	1,594,155	
Risk management operations	1,000,000		-	1,000,000	
Economic and physical development	2,300,000		-	2,300,000	
Debt service	 		1,200,000	 1,200,000	
Total	\$ 8,292,241	\$	2,794,155	\$ 11,086,396	

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. Only the general fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance.

Cleveland County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Director will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Director has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

Cleveland County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund, which instructs management to conduct business of the County in such a manner that unassigned fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 16% of actual expenditures. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 16% of actual expenditures may be appropriated for future use for a specific purpose.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 41,814,971
Less:	
Inventories	(108,852)
Prepaids	(396,008)
Stabilization by State statute	 (8,647,664)
Total available fund balance	\$ 32,662,447

Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "stateadministered defined benefit pension plans"), and one other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value.

Net Investment in Capital Assets:

Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2019 are computed as follows:

Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type
\$	119,305,857	\$	23,143,736
	(53,189,562)		-
	508,530		-
	19,869,278		
\$	86,494,103	\$	23,143,736
		(53,189,562) 508,530 19,869,278	\$ 119,305,857 \$ (53,189,562) \$ 508,530 \$ 19,869,278

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

2. Detail Notes On All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All of the County's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's agent in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County these deposits are held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The County has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method and to monitor them for compliance. The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,809,981 and a bank balance of \$3,204,119. Of the bank balance, \$744,555 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$2,459,564 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2019, the County had \$18,678 cash on hand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Investments

At June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation			1	Less Than		6-12	1-3
Investment Type	Measurement Method		Fair Value		6 Months		Months	 Years
U.S. government agencies	Fair Value - Level 2	\$	7,170,750	\$	4,732,695	\$	932,198	\$ 1,505,857
NC Capital Management								
Trust - Government Portfolio	Fair Value - Level 1		18,540,925		18,540,925		-	-
Commercial paper	Fair Value - Level 2		30,984,528		25,265,174		5,719,354	
Total		\$	56,696,203	\$	48,538,794	\$	6,651,552	\$ 1,505,857

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2: Debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates, the County's investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months. Also, the County's investment policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than three years.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2019, the County's investments in commercial paper were rated P-1 by Standard and Poor's and A-1 by Moody's Investment Service. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2019. The County's investment in U.S. government agencies (Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company) and (Federal National Mortgage Agency) were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investment Service as of June 30, 2019.

Concentration of Credit Risk.

To further hedge against credit risk, the County's policy on investments requires diversification among financial instruments and requires the investment officer to routinely monitor financial market conditions. The county will diversify use of investment instruments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in overinvesting in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Investment Type	Maximum % of Portfolio
U.S. Government Agency	100%
U.S. Government Treasury	100%
Repurchase Agreements / CDs	25%
Commercial Bank Certificate of Deposit	25%
Commercial Paper	98%

Property Tax – Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the General Statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present use-value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable.

The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Tax Year	A	dditional					
Levied		Tax		nterest	Total		
2019	\$	1,682,583	\$	50,477	\$	1,733,061	
2018		1,678,722		48,714		1,727,436	
2017		1,705,399		51,162		1,756,561	
2016		1,707,455		51,222		1,758,677	
2015		1,516,907		72,155		1,589,062	
Total	\$	6,608,483	\$	223,253	\$	6,831,736	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

					I	Oue from Other		
		Accounts		Taxes	Go	vernments		Total
Governmental Activities:								
General	\$	13,120,042	\$	2,320,328	\$	294,855	\$	15,735,225
School capital reserve		897,918		-		-		897,918
Other governmental		1,021,247		75,870		_		1,097,117
Total receivables		15,039,207		2,396,198		294,855		17,730,260
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(2,846,590)		(687,905)		_		(3,534,495)
Total governmental activities	\$	12,192,617	<u>\$</u>	1,708,293	<u>\$</u>	294,855	<u>\$</u>	14,195,765
Amounts not scheduled for collection	n							
during the subsequent year	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u>	
Business-Type Activities:								
Solid waste	\$	965,536	\$	-	\$	-	\$	965,536
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(178,968)				_		(178,968)
Total business-type activities	\$	786,568	\$	=	\$		\$	786,568

Due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following

Sales and Use Tax \$ 294,855

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		Balance June 30, 2019	
Governmental Activities:										
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Land	\$	17,253,594	\$	(728,605)	\$	(82,600)	\$	-	\$	16,442,389
Construction in progress		13,903,337		3,279,172		(12,961,436)		_		4,221,073
Total non-depreciable capital assets		31,156,931		2,550,567		(13,044,036)				20,663,462
Depreciable Capital Assets:										
Buildings		103,687,651		13,052,582		_		-		116,740,233
Vehicles and motor equipment		23,605,442		1,552,441		(561,796)		(19,851)		24,576,236
Leasehold improvements		425,178		-		-		-		425,178
Infrastructure		6,740,713		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_		6,740,713
Total depreciable capital assets		134,458,984	_	14,605,023		(561,796)		(19,851)		148,482,360
Less Accumulated Depreciation:										
Buildings		23,732,090		2,616,968		-		-		26,349,058
Vehicles and motor equipment		17,585,746		2,325,525		(536,951)		(19,851)		19,354,469
Leasehold improvements		289,206		14,173		-		-		303,379
Infrastructure		4,133,055		449,380	_					4,582,435
Total accumulated depreciation		45,740,097		5,406,046		(536,951)		(19,851)		50,589,341
Total depreciable capital assets		88,718,887		9,198,977		(24,845)				97,893,019
Governmental activities										
capital assets, net	\$	119,875,818	\$	11,749,544	\$	(13,068,881)	\$		\$	118,556,481

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 973,090
Public safety	2,108,368
Economic and physical development	54,071
Human services	864,967
Cultural and recreational	162,180
Education	 1,243,370
Total	\$ 5,406,046

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Balance								Balance	
	July 1, 2018		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		June 30, 2019		
Business-Type Activities:											
Solid Waste:											
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:											
Land	\$	18,912,848	\$	-	\$	(1,497)	\$	-	\$	18,911,351	
Construction in progress											
Total non-depreciable capital assets		18,912,848				(1,497)				18,911,351	
Depreciable Capital Assets:											
Buildings		1,238,863		-		-		-		1,238,863	
Equipment and vehicles		7,900,756		1,304,593		(116,529)		19,851		9,108,671	
Leasehold improvements		16,518		-		-		-		16,518	
Infrastructure		4,283,005								4,283,005	
Total depreciable capital assets		13,439,142		1,304,593		(116,529)		19,851		14,647,057	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:											
Buildings		389,835		31,413		-		-		421,248	
Equipment and vehicles		5,139,509		786,619		(116,529)		19,851		5,829,450	
Leasehold improvements		11,237		551		-		-		11,788	
Infrastructure	_	4,142,028		10,158	_	<u>-</u>				4,152,186	
Total accumulated depreciation		9,682,609		828,741		(116,529)		19,851		10,414,672	
Total depreciable capital assets, net		3,756,533		475,852						4,232,385	
Solid Waste capital assets, net	\$	22,669,381	\$	475,852	\$	(1,497)	\$		\$	23,143,736	

The County did not have any outstanding construction commitments as of June 30, 2019.

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

					Ins urance Claims						
		Vendors		Salaries and Benefits		Accrued Interest		Incurred But Not Reported		Total	
Governmental Activities:											
General	\$	2,887,647	\$	199,542	\$	359,179	\$	818,904	\$	4,265,272	
Other governmental	_	141,474		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				141,474	
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	3,029,121	\$	199,542	<u>\$</u>	359,179	<u>\$</u>	818,904	\$	4,406,746	
Business-Type Activities:											
Solid Waste	\$	187,727	\$	14,479	\$		\$	_	\$	202,206	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Government Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919-981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the members average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$2,914,078 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$12,306,761 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was .519%, which was a decrease of .003% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,457,947. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,898,641	\$	63,709
Changes of assumptions		3,265,739		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,689,353		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
County contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		65,564		24,051
County contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		2,914,078		_
Total	\$	9,833,375	\$	87,760

\$2,914,078 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2019	\$ 3,302,063
2020	2,148,597
2021	391,121
2022	989,756
2023	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 6,831,537

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis.

These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	<u>6.0</u> %	4.0%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.00%)	D	vis count Rate (7.00%)	1	% Increase (8.20%)
County's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$	29,561,907	\$	12,306,761	\$	(2,111,908)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. Cleveland County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of 109 active plan members and 9 retired members receiving benefits.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64 percent

The discount rate used to measure the TPL is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

DEATHS AFTER RETIREMENT (HEALTHY): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

DEATHS BEFORE RETIREMENT: RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015.

DEATHS AFTER RETIREMENT (BENEFICIARY): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 123% for males and females.

DEATHS AFTER RETIREMENT (DISABLED): RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

Contributions

The County is required by Article 12D of G. S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$141,314 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a total pension liability of \$2,829,769. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2018 utilizing update

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$183,865.

	D	e fe rre d	D	e fe rre d
	Οι	ıtflows of	In	flows of
	Re	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	145,266	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		102,084		111,506
County benefit payments and plan administrative				
expenditures paid subsequent to the measurement date		99,298		_
Total	\$	346,648	\$	111,506

\$99,298 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2020	\$ 33,816
2021	33,816
2022	33,816
2023	31,102
2024	3,294
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 135,844

\$98,847 paid as benefits came due and \$451 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		(2.64%)		(3.64%)		(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$	3,044,161	\$	2,829,769	\$	2,632,979

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019
Beginning balance	\$ 2,725,009
Service Cost	136,342
Interest on the total pension liability	83,878
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	126,505
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(100,651)
Benefit payments	(141,314)
Net changes	104,760
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 2,829,769

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.16 percent at June 30, 2017 to 3.64 percent at June 30, 2018.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires that the County contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$594,255, which consisted of \$397,837 from the County and \$196,418 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Cleveland County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a non-contributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county Register of Deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$7,759 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$133,496 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was .806%, which was an increase of .102% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$14,655. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,177	\$ 6,093
Changes of assumptions	6,279	· <u>-</u>
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	21,278	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
County contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	309	18,258
County contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	7,759	
Total	\$ 36,802	\$ 24,351

\$7,759 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Year Ending		
June 30	A	mount
2020	\$	861
2021		(5,744)
2022		6,271
2023		3,305
2024		-
Thereafter		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	4,693

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.5 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity
	factor
Investment rate of return	3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense.

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2019 is 1.4%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.75%)		Discount Rate (3.75%)		1% Increase (4.75%)	
County's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 105,254	\$	133,496	\$	157,313	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2018, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2017.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 LGERS		ROD	_1	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension						
Liability (Asset)	\$ 12,306,761	\$ ((133,496)	\$	-	\$ 12,173,265
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability						
(Asset)	0.5188%	0.	8060%		NA	
Total Pension Liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,829,769	\$ 2,829,769
Pension Expense	\$ 3,457,947	\$	14,655	\$	254,985	\$ 3,727,587

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		LGERS	LEOSSA		ROD		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	\$	1,898,641	\$145,266	\$	1,177	\$	2,045,084
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	3,265,739	102,084	Ψ	6,279	Ψ	3,374,102
Net difference between projected and actual		3,203,137	102,001		0,279		3,3 / 1,102
earnings on pension plan investments		1,689,353	_		21,278		1,710,631
Changes in proportion and differences between		,,			,		,,
County contributions and proportionate share of							
contributions		65,564	-		309		65,873
County contributions (LGERS, ROD) and benefit							
payments and administration costs (LEOSSA)							
subsequent to the measurement date		2,914,078	99,298		7,759		3,021,135
	\$	9,833,375	<u>\$346,648</u>	\$	36,802	\$	10,216,825
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	\$	63,709	\$ -	\$	6,093	\$	69,802
Changes of assumptions		-	111,506		-		111,506
Changes in proportion and differences between							
County contributions and proportionate share of							
contributions		24,051		_	18,258		42,309
	\$	87,760	<u>\$111,506</u>	\$	24,351	\$	223,617

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Post-Employment Benefits

Other Post-Employment Benefits - Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. In addition to providing pension benefits, the County has elected to provide healthcare benefits to retirees of the County who were hired on or before June 30, 2014 and have at least twenty (20) years of service with the County or are at least 50, but not Medicare eligible. Retired employees meeting the criteria discussed herein will be provided hospitalization in the same manner as the active County employees. The County is self-insured and contracts with a private carrier to administer the healthcare plan. A separate report was not issued for the Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

100
-
628
728

Funding Policy. Under a County resolution that can be amended by the Board of County Commissioners, the County pays 100% of the cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees with twenty (20) years of service to the County, and that were hired on or before June 30, 2014. Employees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates, retirees can only purchase coverage under C.O.B.R.A. guidelines for a specific number of months following retirement. The County has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$16,377,850. was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including wage inflation

Discount rate 3.89 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-Medicare - 7.50 percent for 2017 decreasing to

an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at July 1, 2017	\$	16,584,322		
Changes for the year				
Service Cost		691,281		
Interest		574,289		
Changes of benefit terms		-		
Differences between expected and actual experence		(24,112)		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(534,720)		
Benefit Payments		(913,210)		
Net changes		(206,472)		
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	16,377,850		

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	1%	1% Decrease		scount Rate	1% Increase		
		(2.89%)	(3.89%)		(3.89%)		(4.89%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	18,059,809	\$	16,377,850	\$ 14,873,251		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	6 Decrease	 Current	1%	6 Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	14,481,411	\$ 16,377,850	\$	18,636,698

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$1,136,582. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	R	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	357,478	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		20,985
Benefit payments and plan administrative expense				
made subsequent to the measurement date		833,555	1	,145,070
Total	\$	1,191,033	\$ 1	,166,055

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$833,555 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

 Amount
\$ (128,914)
(128,914)
(128,914)
(128,914)
(128,914)
 (164,007)
\$ (808,577)

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

Federal and State laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfills when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Current federal and State regulations required all unlined landfills to stop accepting waste by January 1, 1998. Although certain closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period.

The \$13,619,664 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2019 represents the cumulative amount reported at that date for costs yet to be incurred. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of post-closure care as incurred. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in 2019. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has met the requirements of the local government financial test that is one option under State and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and post closure care requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The balance in deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the governmental fund statements at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension deferrals	\$	10,216,825	\$	223,617	
OPEB deferrals		1,191,033		1,166,055	
Other prepaid revenue, not yet earned (General)		-		-	
Prepaid taxes, not yet earned (General)		-		179,747	
Taxes receivable, net less penalties (General)		-		1,632,423	
Taxes receivable, net less penalties (Special Revenue)		-		75,870	
Other receivable (General Fund)			_	2,333,990	
Total	\$	11,407,858	\$	5,611,702	

Risk Management

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds that are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Director and Tax Collector are bonded for \$200,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$250,000.

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of position; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County is self-funded for property and liability claims up to a maximum of \$350,000 per occurrence and purchases coverage up to statutory limits through Genesis Insurance Company, which is wholly owned subsidiary of General Reinsurance Corporation. Both companies are rated A++ by A.M. Best and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. Cleveland County contacts with Guilford City/County Insurance Advisory Committee as an independent 3rd party administrator for property and liability consultation.

The County does not carry flood insurance. County offices are not located in a flood plain; therefore, flood insurance is not deemed necessary.

The County is self-funded for workers' compensation claims up to a maximum of \$600,000 per claim and purchases coverage up to statutory limits through Safety National Casualty Corporation. Cleveland County contacts with Guilford City/County Insurance Advisory Committee as an independent 3rd party administrator for workers compensation. The estimated liability for outstanding losses includes \$281,765 for incurred but unpaid claims as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Effective July 1, 2002, the County became self-insured for health insurance coverage on a cost-reimbursement basis. Under this program, the County is obligated for claims payments. The County contributes up to \$1,100 per employee as part of a HSA plan. A stop-loss insurance contract executed with an insurance carrier covers claims in excess of \$125,000 per person. The estimated liability for outstanding losses includes \$537,139 for incurred but unrecorded claims as of June 30, 2019. The County has contracted with a private insurer (BCBS) to administer the payment of claims and the County reimburses the insurer each week.

The County also operates a dental plan on a cost reimbursement basis up to \$1,025 per person per year. Employees are reimbursed each month.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR's).

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities for health insurance during the past fiscal year are as follows:

	 Year l Jun	Endin e 30	ıg
	 2018		2019
Health	\$ 321,555	\$	537,139
Workers' compensation	 101,086		281,765
Total	\$ 422,641	\$	818,904

Claims typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and the Solid Waste Fund.

Claims and Judgments

At June 30, 2019, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters may have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position. A potential liability could result if unfavorable final decisions are rendered in lawsuits to which the County is a named defendant. No known amounts have been identified, therefor, an amount has not been recorded as a liability in these statements.

Long-Term Obligations

Capital Leases

The County has entered into two lease agreements to lease certain equipment that qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The public safety lease was executed in September 2016 and requires 5 annual payments between \$69,160 and \$105,950. The board of election lease was executed in August 2017 and requires 5 annual payments of \$5,288.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

These payments are recorded as debt service expenditures in the General Fund.

At June 30, 2019, the present value of future minimum lease payments for equipment leased by the County was:

Year Ending June 30	D	winainal
Julie 30	<u> </u>	rincipal
2020	\$	102,644
2021		103,199
2022		17,084
2023		11,520
Total minimum lease payments		234,447
Less: amount representing interest		_
Present value of the minimum		
lease payments	\$	234,447

Other Long-Term Obligations

The County has executed various other long-term obligations including Qualified School Construction Bonds, Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, American Recovery Zone Bonds, and private placement loans for the purpose of property acquisition and construction.

As authorized by state law G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1, the County has financed a portion of these property acquisitions in direct placements for use by various County departments and the Cleveland County Community College. The installment purchases were issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County has entered into contracts to help finance the costs of implementing a Public Safety Communication System in 2007, the costs of expanding and renovating the Detention Center Annex Expansion in 2009, the costs of constructing a multi-use facility at Cleveland Community College through direct loans from a financial institution in 2010, and the costs of constructing a school and renovations of County buildings in 2017. When due, principal and interest are appropriated in the County's Debt Service Fund. The face value of the outstanding loans is recorded in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, along with any accrued interest payable at year-end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Serviced by the General Fund:

Direct Placement Debt:

\$6,000,000 - Public Safety Communication Equipment, Series 2007; due in annual installments of \$400,000 through December 2022; interest payable BB&T at 3.93% from 2007-2010; 3.46% 2011-2013; 2.27% 2014-2022 \$ 1,600,000

\$6,720,000 - Detention Center Annex Expansion Project, Series 2009; due in semi annual installments of \$224,000 through April 2024. interest payable to BB&T at 3.57% through 2012; and 2.39% through 2024

2,240,000

\$17,528,950 - Community College Building Project, Series 2010 C & D. due in semi-annual installments of \$586,098 through September 2025; interest payable at 4.91%; These are American Recovery Zone Bonds and interest payments are partially subsidized by the federal government; payments are due to BB&T

7,619,278

\$33,350,000 - County Buildings, Public Infrastructure & Schools Project; due in semi-annual installments of \$2,224,000 through September 2031; interest at 3.25%; payments are due to Capital One Public Finance

28,902,000

\$12,255,000 - City of Shelby Enterprise System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004; due in annual installments ranging from \$315,000 to \$810,000 through May 1, 2029; County's portion of revenue bonds (\$634,599) per contract with City of Shelby are due in annual installments of \$16,312 to \$41,944 through May 1, 2029; interest is payable at 5% and are due to the City of Shelby

343,837

Total direct placement

\$ 40,705,115

The County's outstanding notes from direct placement contain provisions that an event of default could (a) declare the unpaid portion of the principal components of installment payments immediately due and payable without notice or demand to the County; (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance by the County of the applicable covenants of the contract or to recover for the breach thereof; (c) exercise or direct the Deed of Trust trustee to exercise all the rights and remedies of a secured party or creditor under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State and the general laws of the State with respect to the enforcement of the security interest granted or reserved under the contract and the Deed of Trust including, without limitation, to the extent permitted by law, re-enter and take possession of the premises without any court order or other process of law and without liability for entering the premises and sell, lease, sublease or make other disposition of the same in a commercially reasonable manner for the account of the County, and apply the proceeds of any such sale, lease, sublease or other disposition, after deducting all cost and expenses, including court costs and attorneys' fees incurred with the recovery, repair, storage and other sale, lease ,sublease or other disposition, toward the balance due under the contract and, thereafter, shall pay any remaining proceeds to the County (d) direct the Deed of Trust trustee to institute foreclosure proceedings and sell the property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's other long-term obligation bonds and loans are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	 Principal	 Interest
2020	\$ 4,271,642	\$ 1,366,679
2021	4,272,936	1,215,678
2022	4,274,490	1,064,610
2023	4,275,043	913,483
2024	3,876,597	762,295
2025-2029	13,065,409	2,100,667
2030-2033	 6,668,998	325,114
Total	\$ 40,705,115	\$ 7,748,526
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2033	\$ 4,272,936 4,274,490 4,275,043 3,876,597 13,065,409 6,668,998	1,215,6 1,064,6 913,4 762,2 2,100,6 325,1

Limited Obligation Indebtedness

The County's Limited Obligation Bonds consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

Limited Obligation Bonds

\$22,000,000 - Shelby Middle School, Series 2010 A & B Limited Obligation Bonds; due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$1,080,000 to \$1,140,000 through March 2030; interest is payable semi-annually ranging from 4.49% to 6.07%. These are Build America Bonds and interest payments are partially subsidized by federal government; payments are due to Wells Fargo

12,250,000

Total General Obligation and Limited Obligation Bonds

\$ 12,250,000

The County issued Limited Obligation Bonds for which the County does not hold title to the capital assets. The bonds were issued for public school construction and renovation projects. The amount of outstanding debt at June 30, 2019 for which the County held no collateral totaled \$12,250,000.

As authorized by State law [G.S.160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County has financed various property acquisitions for use by the Cleveland County Public School by installment purchase. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding.

All limited obligation indebtedness that is serviced by the County are collateralized by the full faith credit and taxing power of the County. In 2010, the County sold limited obligation bonds to investors to finance the construction of a new middle school in Shelby and such bonds are considered a variation of the installment purchase loan mentioned above. The debt is serviced out of the County's Debt Service Fund and the face amount of principal is recorded in the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

government-wide Statement of Net Position. The loan contains provisions that an event of default could (a) declare all payments under the Trust Agreement immediately due and payable (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance by the County of the applicable covenants of the contract or to recover for the breach thereof (c) exercise or direct the Deed of Trust trustee to exercise all the rights and remedies of a secured party or creditor under the Uniform Commercial Code of the State and the general laws of the State with respect to the enforcement of the security interest granted or reserved under the contract and the Deed of Trust including, without limitation, to the extent permitted by law, re-enter and take possession of the premises without any court order or other process of law and without liability for entering the premises and sell, lease, sublease or make other disposition of the same in a commercially reasonable manner for the account of the County, and apply the proceeds of any such sale, lease, sublease or other disposition, after deducting all cost and expenses, including court costs and attorneys' fees incurred with the recovery, repair, storage and other sale, lease sublease or other disposition, toward the balance due under the contract and, thereafter, shall pay any remaining proceeds to the County (d) direct the Deed of Trust trustee to institute foreclosure proceedings and sell the property.

Annual debt service for the County's limited obligation bonds to maturity at June 30, 2019 are:

Year Ending		
June 30	 Principal	 Interest
2020	\$ 1,085,000	\$ 664,734
2021	1,085,000	638,043
2022	1,135,000	586,289
2023	1,135,000	523,637
2024	1,135,000	460,985
2025-2029	5,590,000	1,323,541
2030-2033	 1,085,000	 65,860
Total	\$ 12,250,000	\$ 4,263,089

Debt Related to Capital Activities - Of the total governmental activities debt listed, only \$33,320,284 relates to assets the County holds title. The County has unspent debt proceeds in the amount of \$508,530 for the North Shelby School Capital Project Fund. The County also has capital proceeds that were reimbursed via installment financing in the Reimbursement Resolution Capital Project Fund. These funds are not considered unspent debt proceeds and are not restricted by debt covenants. A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance						Balance	F	Current Portion of
	<u>J</u>	uly 1, 2018	<u>I</u>	ncreases]	Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2019	_	Balance
Governmental Activities:										
Limited obligation bonds	\$	13,335,000	\$	-	\$	(1,085,000)	\$	12,250,000	\$	1,085,000
Direct placement										
installment purchases		44,975,462		-		(4,270,347)		40,705,115		4,270,347
Capital leases		271,187		70,138		(106,878)		234,447		88,448
Compensated absences		5,162,343		3,643,020		(3,176,015)		5,629,348		562,935
Total OPEB Liability		15,755,106		-		(196,148)		15,558,958		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		7,588,620		4,125,604		-		11,714,224		-
Total Pension Liability (LEO)	_	2,725,009	_	104,760			_	2,829,769	_	
Total governmental activities	\$	89,812,727	\$	7,943,522	\$	(8,834,388)	\$	88,921,861	\$	6,006,730
Business-Type Activities:										
Accrued landfill closure and										
post-closure care cost	\$	13,393,153	\$	226,511	\$	-	\$	13,619,664	\$	-
Total OPEB Liability		829,216		-		(10,323)		818,893		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		375,400		217,137		-		592,537		-
Compensated absences	_	127,499		76,580		(72,200)	_	131,879	_	13,188
Total business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	14,725,268	\$	520,228	\$	(82,523)	\$	15,162,973	\$	13,188

At June 30, 2019, the County had no bonds authorized, but unissued, and a legal debt margin of \$663,426,394.

Compensated absences, net pension obligation, and other post-employment benefits, typically have been liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences are accounted for on an FIFO basis.

Conduit Debt Obligations

Cleveland County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Authority has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private businesses for economic development purposes. The bonds are secured by the properties financed as well as letters of credit and are payable solely from payments received from the private business owners involved. Ownership of the acquired facilities is in the name of the private business served by the bond issuance. As of June 30, 2019, there were three series of industrial revenue bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal payable of \$18,755,000. Neither the County, Authority, State, nor any

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

political subdivision, thereof, is obligated in any manner for the repayment of these bonds. Accordingly, these bonds were not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

	Tran	sfers	
	From	To	Purpose
Emergency Telephone System Fund (E-911) General Fund	\$ 12,039	\$ - 12,039	Implemental functions
General Fund	886,408	-	
Capital Reserve Fund	-	868,000	Fund capital expansion
County General Capital Project Fund	-	17,908	Fund capital expansion
Kings Mountain Gate Way Trail - Phase 5			
Capital Project Fund	-	500	Fund capital expansion
Capital Reserve Fund	1,119,776	-	
County General Capital Project Fund	-	1,119,776	Fund capital expansion
Reimbursement Resolution Capital Project Fund Economic Development Capital Project Fund Enterprise Resource Planning Capital Project Fu	874,502 - -	658,860 215,642	Fund capital expansion Fund capital expansion
School Capital Reserve	5,030,552	-	
Debt Service Fund	-	3,580,552	Debt service
General Fund	-	1,450,000	Capital allotment
General Fund	2,195,802	-	
Debt Service	-	2,195,802	Debt service
Solid Waste General Fund	515,335	515,335	Environmental health expense
Total	\$ 10,634,414	\$ 10,634,414	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

3. Joint Ventures

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and Cleveland County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Cleveland Community College ("Community College"). Each of the three participants appoints four members of the 13member Board of Trustees of the Community College. The President of the Community College's student government association serves as a non-voting, ex-officio member of the Board of Trustees. The Community College is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the Community College and also provides some financial support for the Community College's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the Community College, because of the statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the Community College's facilities. contributed \$1,979,872 to the Community College for operational expenses and \$230,000 for capital expenditures during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. In addition, the County made debt service payments of \$1,143,108, including interest, during the year ended June 30, 2019, on general obligation bonds and certificates of participation (COPs) issued for the Community College facilities. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the Community College may be obtained from the Community College's administrative offices at Blue Ridge Community College, Flat Rock, North Carolina.

4. Jointly Governed Organization

The County, in conjunction with three other counties and twenty municipalities, established the Isothermal Planning and Development Commission (IPDC). The participating governments established the commission to coordinate carious funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating member appoints one member to IPDC's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$33,362 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

5. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset Register of Deeds Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of Contributions Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability & Related Ratios

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CLEVELAND COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Local Gov.	ci minci	te Employees	111	cen ement by	reciii				
		2019		2018	2017		2016	_	2015
Cleveland County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		0.519%		0.521%	0.524%	-	0.508%		0.505%
Cleveland County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	12,306,761	\$	7,964,020	\$ 11,123,372	\$	2,280,098	\$	(2,980,225)
Cleveland County's covered payroll	\$	34,564,877	\$	32,605,693	\$ 31,210,450	\$	32,420,724	\$	28,823,692
Cleveland County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		35.60%		24.43%	35.64%		7.03%		(10.34%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		92.00%		94.18%	91.47%		98.09%		102.64%

st The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

This schedule is intented to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

CLEVELAND COUNTY'S SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	Eccur o	O TOT MINE EN	 ,	 System				
		2019	2018	2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,914,078	\$ 2,629,021	\$ 2,403,167	\$	2,108,026	\$	2,119,306
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		2,914,078	 2,629,021	 2,403,167	_	2,108,026	_	2,119,306
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		<u>\$</u>	
Cleveland County's covered payroll	\$	37,041,797	\$ 34,564,877	\$ 32,605,693	\$	31,210,450	\$	32,420,724
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.87%	7.61%	7.37%		6.75%		6.54%

This schedule is intented to show information for ten years.

Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CLEVELAND COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Cleveland County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.806%	0.704%	0.659%	0.670%	0.640%
Cleveland County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (133,496)	\$ (120,186)	\$ (123,136)	\$ (155,352)	\$ (144,972)
Cleveland County's covered payroll	\$ 61,000	\$ 59,346	\$ 57,374	\$ 71,130	\$ 69,732
Cleveland County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	218.85%	202.52%	214.62%	218.41%	203.81%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

This schedule is intented to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the ROD plan.

CLEVELAND COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

	rtegisters o	1 Decus su	9 910111	enem r engr	,,, , u,					
		2019		2018		2017	2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,759	\$	6,897	\$	6,118	\$	5,381	\$	5,364
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		7,759		6,897		6,118		5,381		5,364
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Cleveland County's covered payroll	\$	61,000	\$	59,346	\$	57,374	\$	53,328	\$	71,130
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.72%		11.62%		10.66%		10.09%		7.54%

This schedule is intented to show information for ten years.

Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 2,725,009	\$ 2,470,182	\$ 2,454,014
Service Cost	136,342	113,259	118,880
Interest on the total pension liability	83,878	92,071	85,238
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement			
of the total pension liability	126,505	62,677	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(100,651)	156,674	(55,151)
Benefit payments	 (141,314)	 (169,854)	(132,799)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 2,829,769	\$ 2,725,009	\$ 2,470,182

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

This schedule is intented to show information for ten years.

Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2019	 2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 2,829,769	\$ 2,725,009	\$ 2,470,182
Covered payroll	4,966,309	4,621,958	4,568,949
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	56.98%	58.96%	54.06%

Notes to the schedules:

Cleveland County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

This schedule is intented to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total OPEB Liability		2019	2018			
•		_		_		
Service Cost	\$	691,281	\$	744,068		
Interest		574,289		495,401		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(24,112)		482,688		
Changes of assumptions		(534,720)		(917,780)		
Benefit payments		(913,210)		(1,347,122)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		(206,472)		(542,745)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		16,584,322		17,127,067		
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	16,377,850	\$	16,584,322		
Covered payroll	N	Not Provided	N	lot Provided		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		
Notes to Schedule						
Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects						
of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates						
used in each period:		Fiscal year		Rate		
		2019		3.89%		
		2018		3.56%		

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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The General Fund

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

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		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Ad Valorem Taxes:				
Taxes - General Fund		\$ 50,843,256		\$ 48,027,435
Taxes - public schools		12,549,586		11,809,024
Penalties, interest, and advertising		429,999		385,825
Total	\$ 62,285,970	63,822,841	\$ 1,536,871	60,222,284
Other Taxes:				
Local option sales tax		11,459,606		11,838,174
Local option sales tax - schools		3,931,525		3,803,439
Other taxes		1,150,904		826,841
Total	15,857,500	16,542,035	684,535	16,468,454
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:				
Local revenue		127,770		122,392
Total	136,000	127,770	(8,230)	122,392
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:				
Federal and State grants		1,054,237		921,841
DSS grants		12,309,482		11,327,707
Health dept grants		8,153,216		9,392,652
Total	22,062,362	21,516,935	(545,427)	21,642,200
Permits and Fees:				
Register of Deeds		517,806		460,070
Carolina health care rent		3,029,748		3,041,253
Partners Behavioral Health		107,544		143,392
Other permits and fees		1,044,055		1,050,470
Total	4,447,242	4,699,153	251,911	4,695,185
Sales and Services:				
Rents - Legrand		475,791		684,588
EMS fees		2,220,573		2,141,465
Sherriff fees		267,066		294,139
Shooting complex fees Health department fees		238,696		226,392
Ambulance fees		777,960 720,114		881,053 721,822
Court facility fees		140,765		147,024
Insurance fees		1,349,951		1,042,144
Wellness center fees		147,627		95,193
Other County fees		873,457		803,975
Total	7,203,287	7,212,000	8,713	7,037,795
Investment Earnings	327,500	1,026,578	699,078	629,461
Miscellaneous:				
Sale of materials		37,787		418,799
Other		572,995		532,234
Total	581,568	610,782	29,214	951,033
Total revenues	112,901,429	115,558,094	2,656,665	111,768,804
				

		2019		2018
	-		Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Governing Body:				
Salaries and employee benefits		153,262		137,731
Operating expenditures	204.700	211,769	20.767	237,451
Total	394,798	365,031	29,767	375,182
Administration:				
Salaries and employee benefits		709,800		574,490
Operating expenditures		161,602		151,520
Capital outlay	-		-	550
Total	885,513	871,402	14,111	726,560
Elections:				
Salaries and employee benefits		324,306		233,703
Operating expenditures		112,743		85,917
Capital outlay	_	1,795	_	27,101
Total	502,305	438,844	63,461	346,721
Finance:				
Salaries and employee benefits		988,656		918,210
Operating expenditures		176,663		203,838
Capital outlay		-		6,244
Total	1,180,904	1,165,319	15,585	1,128,292
Taxes:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,353,200		1,274,055
Operating expenditures		261,066		264,587
Capital outlay		5,274		2,469
Total	1,657,265	1,619,540	37,725	1,541,111
Legal:				
Salaries and employee benefits		160,211		98,356
Contracted services		70,999		218,313
Capital outlay - foreclosure		9,409		16,863
Total	243,017	240,619	2,398	333,532
Register of Deeds:				
Salaries and employee benefits		394,813		369,969
Operating expenditures		135,134		76,988
Capital outlay		-		3,178
Total	642,899	529,947	112,952	450,135
Human Resources:				
Salaries and employee benefits		577,077		484,082
Operating expenditures		263,727		146,024
Capital outlay		-55,7-7		1,603
Total	841,084	840,804	280	631,709

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
- m	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Facilities Maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits		481,236		445,389
Operating expenditures		1,239,592		1,168,088
Capital outlay		50,474		41,056
Total	1,773,042	1,771,302	1,740	1,654,533
Janitorial Services:				
Salaries and employee benefits		232,298		222,036
Operating expenditures		27,487		26,842
Capital outlay	272 920	250.785	12.054	6,400
Total	272,839	259,785	13,054	255,278
Court Facilities:				
Salaries and employee benefits		128,677		122,947
Operating expenditures		277,861		270,200
Capital outlay Total	443,747	1,400 407,938	35,809	393,147
i otai	443,747	407,938	33,809	393,147
Information Technology:				
Salaries and employee benefits		811,573		727,559
Operating expenditures		338,642		244,714
Capital outlay Total	1,278,048	24,123 1,174,338	103,710	1,281 973,554
Total	1,276,046	1,174,336	103,710	773,334
Municipal Elections:				
Salaries and employee benefits		-		65,783
Operating expenditures Total		-	-	59,789
Total		<u>-</u>		125,572
Pass-Thru Grants:				
Operating expenditures	60 6 0 22	558,420	400 550	355,385
Total	696,973	558,420	138,553	355,385
Wellness Clinic:				
Salaries and employee benefits		659,060		623,364
Operating expenditures		487,039		520,545
Total	1,186,504	1,146,099	40,405	1,143,909
Communities in Schools:				
Operating expenditures	138,316	145,148	(6,832)	138,316
Historic Courthouse:				
Operating expenditures		91,151		91,000
Capital outlay			_	
	91,151	91,151		91,000
Total general government	12,228,405	11,625,687	602,718	10,663,936
Total general government	12,220,103	11,023,007	002,710	10,005,750
Public Safety:				
Sheriff and Communications:				
Salaries and employee benefits		7,029,500		6,725,617
Operating expenditures		961,760		960,861
Capital outlay	0 (42 202	106,944	5AE 100	563,856
Total	8,643,392	8,098,204	545,188	8,250,334

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
School Resource Officers:				
Salaries and employee benefits		681,118		466,522
Operating expenditures		30,104		42,643
Capital outlay	902.720	79,958	11.540	29,646
Total	802,720	791,180	11,540	538,811
Jail:				
Salaries and employee benefits		4,360,666		3,892,539
Operating expenditures		1,441,867		1,263,451
Capital outlay	-	10,791	-	123,000
Total	5,858,377	5,813,324	45,053	5,278,990
Emergency Management:				
Salaries and employee benefits		217,695		211,150
Operating expenditures		166,359		131,489
Capital outlay		42,480		67,541
Total	459,025	426,534	32,491	410,180
Emergency Communication:		1 122 (42		1 100 420
Salaries and employee benefits		1,132,642		1,108,420
Operating expenditures Capital outlay		22,274		21,849 6,273
Total	1,169,437	1,154,916	14,521	1,136,542
10111	1,107,137	1,10 1,510	11,021	1,150,512
Electronic Maintenance:				
Salaries and employee benefits		272,046		300,488
Operating expenditures		318,823		141,342
Capital outlay	-	7,215		4,679
Total	605,282	598,084	7,198	446,509
Inspections:				
Salaries and employee benefits		362,647		318,305
Operating expenditures		40,561		32,179
Capital outlay	-	18,462	-	-
Total	448,773	421,670	27,103	350,484
Coroner:				
Salaries and employee benefits		11,200		26,146
Operating expenditures		61,585		82,934
Total	100,000	72,785	27,215	109,080
HAZ-MAT Control:		14,010		14,390
Operating expenditures Total	19,032	14,010	5,022	14,390
10441	17,032	17,010	3,022	17,570
Public Shooting Range:				
Salaries and employee benefits		390,208		373,177
Operating expenditures		150,016		150,396
Capital outlay		2,505		5,454
Total	551,230	542,729	8,501	529,027

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Emergency Medical Services:		(105 (50		5 211 100
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures		6,195,659 903,811		5,311,100 819,690
Capital outlay		278,722		467,532
Total	7,538,445	7,378,192	160,253	6,598,322
Rescue Squad:				
Operating expenditures	26,077	24,651	1,426	67,601
Federal/State Forfeited Property:				
Operating expenditures		55,274		65,142
Capital outlay	111 000		F(F2(11,535
Total	111,800	55,274	56,526	76,677
Total public safety	26,333,590	25,391,553	942,037	23,806,947
Environmental Protection:				
Soil and Water Conservation:				
Salaries and employee benefits		100,319		87,663
Operating expenditures Capital outlay		14,161		7,664 3,070
Total	124,291	114,480	9,811	98,397
1044		111,100		,0,5,7
Forestry Service:				
Operating expenditures	81,757	53,018	28,739	85,916
Total environmental protection	206,048	167,498	38,550	184,313
Economic and Physical Development:				
Travel and Tourism:				
Salaries and employee benefits		23,281		-
Operating expenditures		9,413		-
Capital outlay	25.500	2,880	- 24	
Total	35,598	35,574	24	
Planning:				
Salaries and employee benefits		276,611		253,615
Operating expenditures Capital outlay		62,641 32,915		54,345 8,466
Total	411,999	372,167	39,832	316,426
LeGrand Center:				
Salaries and employee benefits		449,419		374,582
Operating expenditures		544,601		764,717
Capital outlay		7,418	_	19,943
Total	1,169,812	1,001,438	168,374	1,159,242
Economic Development:				
Salaries and employee benefits		221,213		233,024
Operating expenditures		3,984,404		4,121,500
Capital outlay Total	4,770,979	4,205,830	565,149	269,491 4,624,015
1000	7,110,213	7,203,030	202,177	7,027,013

	2019		2018	
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Cooperative Extension:				
Salaries and employee benefits		323,831		290,068
Operating expenditures Total	405,676	51,059 374,890	30,786	52,065 342,133
Total	403,070	374,090	30,780	342,133
Transportation Admin:				
Operating expenditures	_	294,489	_	257,410
Total	294,489	294,489	<u>-</u>	257,410
Total economic and physical development	7,088,553	6,284,388	804,165	6,699,226
Human Services:				
Health:				
General and Administration:				
Salaries and employee benefits		999,766		987,630
Operating expenditures		763,913		740,010
Capital outlay Total	1,812,685	1,763,679	49,006	17,505 1,745,145
Total	1,012,003	1,703,079	49,000	1,745,145
Public Health:				
Salaries and employee benefits		644,951		632,321
Operating expenditures		365,890		357,999
Total	1,046,907	1,010,841	36,066	990,320
AIDS Grant:				
Salaries and employee benefits		73,443		70,974
Operating expenditures	=	731	-	655
Total	74,543	74,174	369	71,629
Tuberculosis Clinic:				
Salaries and employee benefits		183,061		175,162
Operating expenditures	-	31,621	. <u>-</u>	34,067
Total	227,010	214,682	12,328	209,229
School Health:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,453,070		1,382,760
Operating expenditures		45,275		49,012
Total	1,537,280	1,498,345	38,935	1,431,772
Health Promotions:		54.250		52.710
Salaries and employee benefits		54,259		52,718
Operating expenditures Total	77,129	11,738 65,997	11,132	10,425
10111	,.27	00,001	11,132	00,710
Maternal Health:		1 212 225		1 24 6 70 7
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures		1,312,996		1,316,583
Operating expenditures Total	1,559,709	78,879 1,391,875	167,834	1,376,881
1 Otal	1,337,709	1,371,0/3	107,034	1,370,001

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Family Planning:				
Salaries and employee benefits		622,069		660,052
Operating expenditures	-	95,083	=	111,542
Total	834,735	717,152	117,583	771,594
Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention:				
Salaries and employee benefits		57,815		54,556
Operating expenditures		23,462		19,570
Total	82,162	81,277	885	74,126
		_		
Child Health:		562.052		592 (22
Salaries and employee benefits		562,953 23,767		582,623 23,242
Operating expenditures Total	587,051	586,720	331	605,865
Total	387,031	360,720		005,005
WIC:				
Salaries and employee benefits		566,393		487,101
Operating expenditures		58,474		77,234
Capital outlay	-	1,054	_	<u>-</u>
Total	628,031	625,921	2,110	564,335
Animal/Rabies Control:				
Salaries and employee benefits		735,308		630,016
Operating expenditures		517,362		307,691
Capital outlay		26,857		42,851
Total	1,279,097	1,279,527	(430)	980,558
Health Department Grants: Salaries and employee benefits		122,548		118,274
Operating expenditures		25,905		23,421
Total	164,229	148,453	15,776	141,695
10				2.12,072
Dental Clinic:				
Salaries and employee benefits		234,386		245,295
Operating expenditures		102,377		60,750
Total	362,188	336,763	25,425	306,045
Nurse Family Partnerships:				
Salaries and employee benefits		371,160		374,613
Operating expenditures		58,531		56,851
Capital outlay				11,169
Total	492,022	429,691	62,331	442,633
Caralina Assau II.				
Carolina Access II: Salaries and employee benefits		1,617,341		1,706,777
Operating expenditures		224,015		306,684
Total	2,327,148	1,841,356	485,792	2,013,461
		-,1,000	.50,72	_,,

CACA CPCM: Budget Variance Positive Cestive Actual Cestive Cestive Actual CCAC PCM: S31,210 513,700 513,700 25,000 513,700 513,700 25,000 513,700 513			2019		2018
CCAC PCM: Salaries and employee benefits 531,210 513,700 Operating expenditures 121,327 25,070 Total 671,969 652,537 19,432 538,770 CODAP: Salaries and employee benefits 178,412 161,132 Operating expenditures 95,157 120,611 Total 331,030 273,569 57,461 281,743 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 738,996 708,644 Operating expenditures 78,817 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 4,600 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 4,600 Operating expenditures 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Services: Mental Health: 1,270,703					
Salaries and employee benefits 531,210 513,700 Operating expenditures 671,969 652,537 19,432 538,770 CODAP: Salaries and employee benefits 178,412 161,132 Operating expenditures 95,157 120,611 Total 331,030 273,569 57,461 281,743 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 738,996 708,644 Operating expenditures 78,817 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037		Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Operating expenditures 121,327 25,070 Total 671,969 652,537 19,432 538,770 CODAP: Salaries and employee benefits 178,412 161,132 Operating expenditures 95,157 120,611 Total 331,030 273,569 57,461 281,743 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 738,996 708,644 Operating expenditures 78,817 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 27,272 798,984 Operating expenditures 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 9					
Total 671,969 652,537 19,432 538,770 CODAP: Salaries and employee benefits 178,412 161,132 Operating expenditures 95,157 120,611 Total 331,030 273,569 57,461 281,743 Environmental Health: 331,030 273,569 57,461 281,743 Environmental Health: 738,996 708,644 708,644 Operating expenditures 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: 3,249 4,600 96,134 Operating expenditures 102,331 91,534 96,134 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Mental Health: 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Galari					
CODAP: Salaries and employee benefits 178,412 161,132 120,611 Total 331,030 273,569 57,461 281,743 281,7		671 060	_	10.422	
Salaries and employee benefits 178,412 95,157 120,611 161,132 120,611 Operating expenditures 331,030 273,569 57,461 281,743 281,743 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 738,996 708,644 Operating expenditures 78,817 90,340 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 27,272 998,984 Operating expenditures 3,249 4 4,600 Operating expenditures 3,249 4 4,600 Operating expenditures 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total public health 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Coperating expenditures 1,220,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 5,505 Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,505 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Coperating expenditure	1 otai	071,909	032,337	19,432	338,770
Operating expenditures 95,157 120,611 Total 331,030 273,569 57,461 281,743 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 788,996 708,644 Operating expenditures 1,88,117 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Wental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total public health: 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 2,148,705 3,249 1,565,37	CODAP:				
Part	Salaries and employee benefits		178,412		161,132
Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 738,996 708,644 Operating expenditures 78,817 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Salaries and employee benefits 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total public health 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total public health 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Smart Star	Operating expenditures	-		-	120,611
Salaries and employee benefits 738,996 708,644 Operating expenditures 78,817 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,988 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Wental Health: 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total public spenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total expenditures 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Total 2,148,705 32,270	Total	331,030	273,569	57,461	281,743
Salaries and employee benefits 738,996 708,644 Operating expenditures 78,817 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,988 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Wental Health: 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total public spenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total expenditures 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Total 2,148,705 32,270	E				
Operating expenditures 78,817 90,340 Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Wental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,1			738 996		708 644
Total 845,085 817,813 27,272 798,984 Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Wental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 563,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>					
Veteran Services: Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Wental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553		845,085		27,272	
Salaries and employee benefits 102,331 91,534 Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 5,063,48					
Operating expenditures 3,249 4,600 Total 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,09,172 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 5,063,673					
Total 108,786 105,580 3,206 96,134 Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Wental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Total public health 15,048,796 13,915,952 1,132,844 13,504,062 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 626,037 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits		100 706	_	2.206	
Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 6,090,792 6,080,099 - 5,603,673 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084	Total	108,786	105,580	3,206	96,134
Mental Health: Operating expenditures 664,339 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee be	Total public health	15,048,796	13,915,952	1,132,844	13,504,062
Operating expenditures 664,339 319,072 626,037 Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Social Services:				
Total 983,411 664,339 319,072 626,037 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Mental Health:				
Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281		-		-	
Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Total	983,411	664,339	319,072	626,037
Salaries and employee benefits 1,270,703 1,225,252 Operating expenditures 583,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Administration:				
Operating expenditures 588,774 565,376 Capital outlay 216,951 75,159 Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281			1,270,703		1,225,252
Total 2,236,677 2,071,428 165,249 1,865,787 Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	1 3				
Smart Start: Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Capital outlay	=	216,951	<u>-</u>	75,159
Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Total	2,236,677	2,071,428	165,249	1,865,787
Operating expenditures 2,148,705 1,980,553 Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	G G				
Total 2,180,975 2,148,705 32,270 1,980,553 TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281			2 148 705		1 080 553
TANF Program: Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281		2.180.975		32.270	
Salaries and benefits 5,409,917 5,063,482 County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Total	2,100,570	2,110,700	22,270	1,500,555
County participation only 618,092 540,191 Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	TANF Program:				
Total 6,090,792 6,028,009 - 5,603,673 Income Maintenance Program: Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281					
Income Maintenance Program: 5,174,721 5,043,318 Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 10,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281				-	
Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Total	6,090,792	6,028,009		5,603,673
Salaries and employee benefits 5,174,721 5,043,318 Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281	Income Maintenance Program:				
Operating expenditures 116,084 170,281			5,174,721		5,043,318
Total <u>5,522,225</u> <u>5,290,805</u> <u>231,420</u> <u>5,213,599</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
	Total	5,522,225	5,290,805	231,420	5,213,599

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Special Assistance:				
Special assistance	59,247	59,005	242	56,418
Foster Care:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,286,640		1,183,400
Operating expenditures		4,774		5,026
Total	1,298,024	1,291,414	6,610	1,188,426
Smart Start:				
Salaries and employee benefits		111,065		105,638
Total	111,433	111,065	368	105,638
Other Assistance:				
Operating expenditures	3,162,948	3,031,219	131,729	2,693,684
Total social services	21 (45 722	20,695,989	886,960	10 222 915
1 otal social services	21,645,732	20,093,989	880,960	19,333,815
Council on Aging:	400.226	107.125	201 101	107.025
Operating expenditures	488,326	187,135	301,191	187,035
Total human services	37,182,854	34,799,076	2,320,995	33,024,912
Cultural and Recreational:				
Library:				
Salaries and employee benefits		868,925		817,871
Operating expenditures		345,792		349,478
Capital outlay Total	1,452,693	1,214,717	237,976	17,322
1000	1,102,000	1,211,717	257,570	1,101,071
Parks and Recreation:		105 501		112.105
Operating expenditures Total	122 065	105,781 105,781	18,184	113,105
Total	123,965	103,781	10,104	113,105
Total cultural and recreational	1,576,658	1,320,498	256,160	1,297,776
Intergovernmental:				
Education:				
Public schools - current expense		26,313,664		26,151,071
Public schools - operational expense		113,724		107,295
Public schools - capital expense		2,890,576		3,100,000
Community colleges - capital expense	21 402 561	2,083,729	0.00	2,051,799
Total education	31,402,561	31,401,693	868	31,410,165
Debt Service:				
Capital lease principal	120 515	106,878	22	74,448
Total debt service	130,547	106,878	23,669	74,448

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Risk Management:				
Operating expenditures	2,481,641	2,481,576	65	928,395
Total	2,481,641	2,481,576	65	928,395
Contingency	166,657		166,657	
Total expenditures	118,797,514	113,578,847	5,155,884	108,090,118
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,896,085)	1,979,247	7,875,332	3,678,686
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Capital Lease financing issued	-	70,138	70,138	26,440
Transfers in	2,050,335	1,977,374	(72,961)	1,972,948
Transfers out	(3,770,732)	(3,082,210)	688,522	(4,409,547)
Appropriated fund balance	7,616,482		(7,616,482)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,896,085	(1,034,698)	(6,930,783)	(2,410,159)
Net changes in fund balance	\$ -	944,549	\$ 944,549	1,268,527
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis to M	lodified Accrual Basis	:		
Reconciling items:				
Long term note receivable				(18,352)
Change in fund balance		944,549		1,250,175
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1		40,870,422		39,620,247
End of year - June 30		\$ 41,814,971		\$ 40,870,422

Major Capital Project Funds

Reimbursement Resolution Capital Reserve Fund - This fund accounts for reimbursement proceeds used to fund capital initiatives of the County.

School Capital Reserve Fund - accounts for local funds and financing proceeds used to fund school construction projects.

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REIMBURSEMENT RESOLUTION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Project		Actual	Variance		
	Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 31,538	\$ -	\$ 31,538	\$ 31,538	
Investment earnings	<u> </u>	45,923	69,961	115,884	115,884	
Total revenues		77,461	69,961	147,422	147,422	
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Economic development	16,982,899	10,371,139		10,371,139	6,611,760	
Total expenditures	16,982,899	10,371,139		10,371,139	6,611,760	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(16,982,899)	(10,293,678)	69,961	(10,223,717)	6,759,182	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Installment financing issued	-	19,975,833	_	19,975,833	19,975,833	
Transfers out:						
To Capital Projects	(2,992,934)	(1,562,083)	(1,272,055)	(2,834,138)	158,796	
Appropriated fund balance	19,975,833		<u> </u>		(19,975,833)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,982,899	18,413,750	(1,272,055)	17,141,695	158,796	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ 8,120,072	(1,202,094)	\$ 6,917,978	\$ 6,917,978	
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1			8,120,072			
End of year - June 30			\$ 6,917,978			

	 2019					2018		
	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 1,600,000	\$	1,044,353	\$	(555,647)	\$	1,289,303	
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,534,058		3,483,998		(50,060)		3,523,818	
Investment earnings	 <u>-</u>		149,775		149,775		77,999	
Total revenues	 5,134,058		4,678,126		(455,932)		4,891,120	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 5,134,058		4,678,126		(455,932)		4,891,120	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers to:								
Capital Projects Funds	(100,000)		(100,000)		-		-	
General Fund	(1,453,506)		(1,450,000)		(3,506)		(1,450,000)	
Debt Service Fund	 (3,580,552)		(3,580,552)				(3,306,715)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,134,058)		(5,130,552)		(3,506)		(4,756,715)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 		(452,426)	\$	(452,426)		134,405	
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1			7,912,205				7,777,800	
End of year - June 30		\$	7,459,779			\$	7,912,205	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds – account for the proceeds of special revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

Emergency Telephone Systems Fund (E-911) – accounts for the funds received for the operation of the County's Emergency 911 Communications Center.

Fire Districts Fund – accounts for the property tax revenue received and used to fund County fire operations.

Capital Project Funds – account for financial resources to be used for acquisition and construction for major capital facilities.

North Shelby School Capital Project Fund - accounts for installment proceeds and funds used to for the construction of a new County school.

General Capital Projects Fund – accounts for general capital projects within the County that are annually budgeted and financed with local dollars.

Public Shooting Range Capital Project Fund – accounts for State grant dollars along with local match to finance the construction on a local public shooting range facility.

Foothills Commerce Center – West Shelby Capital Project Fund - accounts for the progress and construction of the foothills commerce economic development center.

Capital Reserve Fund – accounts for the accumulation of undedicated resources to fund future projects of the County.

Kings Mountain Gate Way Trail – Phase 5 Capital Project Fund – accounts for the progress and construction of phase 5 of the Kings Mountain Gateway Trail expansion.

Washburn Switch Road and Rail Capital Project Fund – accounts for the progress and construction of economic development road improvements at Washburn Switch Industrial Park.

Pinnacle Turn Lane Capital Project Fund – accounts for the progress and construction of an additional turn lane and Pinnacle Classical Academy.

Debt Service Fund – accounts for all expenditures for principal and interest for certain long-term debt payments.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Governmental Funds										
	_	Special Revenue Fund		Capital Project Fund		Debt Service Fund	Ju	Totals ne 30, 2019			
Assets:	Ф	1.050.640	Ф	1 (01 2(2	Ф	1 200 000	Ф	4.741.010			
Cash and investments	\$	1,850,649	\$	1,691,263	\$	1,200,000	\$	4,741,912			
Accounts receivable, net		307,747		713,500		-		1,021,247			
Taxes receivable, net		75,870		-		-		75,870			
Prepaid items		51,164		508,530		-		51,164 508,530			
Restricted cash	<u>e</u>	2 295 420	Φ.		Φ.	1 200 000	¢.				
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	2,285,430	<u>\$</u>	2,913,293	\$	1,200,000	\$	6,398,723			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	_	\$	141,474	\$	_	\$	141,474			
Due to other funds	•	_	•	413,347	*	_	-	413,347			
Total liabilities	_		_	554,821	_		_	554,821			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Taxes receivable		75,870		-		-		75,870			
Prepaid taxes	_	3,617		<u> </u>				3,617			
Total deferred inflows of resources		79,487						79,487			
Fund Balances:											
Non-spendable: Prepaids		51,164						51,164			
Restricted		31,104		-		-		31,104			
Stabilization for State statute		307,747		713,500		_		1,021,247			
Restricted, all other		1,847,032		508,530		_		2,355,562			
Committed		1,017,032		3,128		_		3,128			
Assigned		_		1,594,155		1,200,000		2,794,155			
Unassigned		-		(460,841)		-		(460,841)			
Total fund balances	_	2,205,943	_	2,358,472	_	1,200,000	_	5,764,415			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,											
and fund balances	\$	2,285,430	\$	2,913,293	\$	1,200,000	\$	6,398,723			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Nonmajor Governmental Funds										
	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Totals June 30, 2019								
Revenues:		_										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,235,084	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,235,084								
Other taxes and licenses	1,266,406	2 411 222	1 0/1 /50	1,266,406								
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	41 424	2,411,223	1,861,658	4,272,881								
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	41,434	28,814 139,523	-	70,248 139,523								
	4,542,924	2,579,560	1,861,658	8,984,142								
Total revenues	4,342,924	2,379,300	1,861,638	8,964,142								
Expenditures:												
Current:		1 504 150		1.504.150								
General government Public safety	4 072 279	1,504,150	-	1,504,150								
Economic and physical development	4,073,278	346,729 2,864,692	-	4,420,007 2,864,692								
Education	-	749,376	-	749,376								
Debt service:	_	747,370	_	747,570								
Principal repayments	_	_	5,355,347	5,355,347								
Interest	_	_	2,282,665	2,282,665								
Total expenditures	4,073,278	5,464,947	7,638,012	17,176,237								
Revenues over (under) expenditures	469,646	(2,885,387)	(5,776,354)	(8,192,095)								
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Transfers from:												
General Fund		886,408	2,195,802	3,082,210								
Capital Reserve Fund	-	1,119,776	-	1,119,776								
School Capital Reserve Fund	-	100,000	3,580,552	3,680,552								
Reimbursement Resolution	-	1,272,055	-	1,272,055								
Transfers to:												
General Fund	(12,039)	-	-	(12,039)								
County General Capital Projects Fund		(1,119,776)		(1,119,776)								
Total other financing sources (uses)	(12,039)	2,258,463	5,776,354	8,022,778								
Net change in fund balances	457,607	(626,924)	-	(169,317)								
Fund Balances:												
Beginning of year - July 1	1,748,336	2,985,396	1,200,000	5,933,732								
End of year - June 30	\$ 2,205,943	\$ 2,358,472	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 5,764,415								

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds								
	Emergency Telephone System Fund (E-911)			Fire Districts Fund	Totals June 30, 2019				
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	1,361,609	\$	489,040	\$	1,850,649			
Accounts receivable, net		43,055		264,692		307,747			
Taxes receivable, net				75,870		75,870			
Prepaid items		51,164	_	<u>-</u>		51,164			
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,455,828	\$	829,602	<u>\$</u>	2,285,430			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Total liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Taxes receivable		-		75,870		75,870			
Prepaid taxes			_	3,617		3,617			
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>	-	79,487		79,487			
Fund Balances: Non-spendable:									
Prepaids		51,164		-		51,164			
Restricted:									
Stabilization for State statute		43,055		264,692		307,747			
Restricted, all other		1,361,609		485,423		1,847,032			
Total fund balances		1,455,828		750,115		2,205,943			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances	\$	1,455,828	\$	829,602	\$	2,285,430			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds								
	Т	nergency elephone System Fund (E-911)		Fire Districts Fund	Totals June 30, 2019				
Revenues:		(E-911)	_	runu	Ju	ne 30, 2019			
Ad valorem taxes	\$	_	\$	3,235,084	\$	3,235,084			
Other taxes and licenses	4	343,133	Ψ	923,273	Ψ	1,266,406			
Investment earnings		26,716		14,718		41,434			
Total revenues		369,849		4,173,075		4,542,924			
Expenditures:									
Current:		10166		• 000 646					
Public safety		184,662		3,888,616		4,073,278			
Total expenditures		184,662		3,888,616		4,073,278			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		185,187		284,459		469,646			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from (to):									
General Fund		(12,039)		-		(12,039)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(12,039)				(12,039)			
Net change in fund balances		173,148		284,459		457,607			
Fund Balances:									
Beginning of year - July 1		1,282,680		465,656		1,748,336			
End of year - June 30	<u>\$</u>	1,455,828	\$	750,115	\$	2,205,943			

			2018				
		Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual
Revenues:							
User fees	\$	389,320	\$ 343,133	\$	(46,187)	\$	421,383
Investment income		_	26,716		26,716		12,977
Total revenues		389,320	 369,849	_	(19,471)		434,360
Expenditures:							
Public safety:							
Operations		293,988	174,844		119,144		174,503
Capital expenditures		10,332	 9,818		514		
Total expenditures		304,320	 184,662		119,658		174,503
Revenues over (under) expenditures		85,000	 185,187		100,187		259,857
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out:							
To General Fund		(85,000)	(12,039)		72,961		(7,613)
Transfers in:							
From General Fund		-	-		-		1,043
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(85,000)	 (12,039)		72,961		(6,570)
Net change in fund balance	\$		173,148	<u>\$</u>	173,148		253,287
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1			 1,282,680				1,029,393
End of year - June 30			\$ 1,455,828			\$	1,282,680

		2019							
		Budget		Actual]	Variance Positive Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:									
Ad valorem taxes	\$	3,185,312	\$	3,235,084	\$	49,772	\$	3,080,449	
Unrestricted intergovernmental		670,000		923,273		253,273		861,920	
Investment income		10,000		14,718		4,718		6,359	
Total revenues		3,865,312		4,173,075		307,763	_	3,948,728	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay:									
Public safety		3,888,616		3,888,616				3,942,898	
Total expenditures		3,888,616		3,888,616				3,942,898	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfer from General Fund		23,304		_		(23,304)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		23,304				(23,304)	_		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$</u>			284,459	\$	284,459		5,830	
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year, July 1			_	465,656				459,826	
End of year, June 30			\$	750,115			\$	465,656	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds																						
	North Shel School Capital Pro Fund			General ital Project Fund	Shoo Cap	Public oting Range ital Project Fund	Com - V	Foothills nmerce Center West Shelby Capital roject Fund		Capital Reserve Fund	Kings Mountai Gate Way Trail - Phase 5 Capital Projec Fund	;	Washburn Switch Road Capital Project Fund	De	Economic evelopment pital Project Fund	T	Pinnacle urn Lane ital Project Fund	Jail Consolidation Capital Project Fund	Rese	Enterprise ource Planning apital Project Fund	Fair Enhancement Capital Project Fund	<u>Ju</u>	Totals ine 30, 2019
Assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Restricted cash		- 34,165 08,530	\$	92,389 24,073		66,875	\$	-	\$	1,594,155 - -		- : -	\$ - 586,946	\$	251	s	1,190 -	s -	\$	4,719	-		1,691,263 713,500 508,530
Total assets	\$ 54	42,695	\$	116,462	\$	66,875	\$		\$	1,594,155	\$	_	\$ 586,946	\$	251	\$	1,190	\$ -	\$	4,719	\$ -	\$	2,913,293
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	- - -	\$	116,462 - 116,462		12,603 51,144 63,747	s 	- - -	\$	- - -		- : - :	\$ 7,690 360,762 368,452	\$ 	251 251	\$	1,190 1,190	s - - -	\$ 	4,719 	\$ - - -	\$	141,474 413,347 554,821
Fund Balances: Restricted Stabilization for State statute Restricted, all other Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	50	34,165 08,530 - - - 42,695		24,073 - - (24,073)		66,875 - 3,128 - (66,875) 3,128		- - - - - -		1,594,155 1,594,155	-	- - - - -	586,946 - - (368,452) 218,494		251 - - (251)		1,190 - - - (1,190)	- - - - - -	-		- - - - - -	_	713,500 508,530 3,128 1,594,155 (460,841) 2,358,472
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 54	42,695	\$	116,462	\$	66,875	\$	_	\$	1,594,155	<u>s</u>	_ :	\$ 586,946	\$	251	\$	1,190	<u>s</u> -	\$	4,719	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	2,913,293

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund												
	North Shelby School Capital Project Fund	General Capital Project Fund	Public Shooting Range Capital Project Fund	Foothills Commerce Center - West Shelby Capital Project Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Kings Mountain Gate Way Trail - Phase 5 Capital Project Fund	Washburn Switch Road Capital Project Fund	Economic Development Capital Project Fund	Pinnacle Turn Lane Capital Project Fund	Jail Consolidation Capital Project Fund	Enterprise Resource Planning Capital Project Fund	Fair Enhancement Capital Project Fund	Totals June 30, 2019
Revenues:													
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		\$ -	\$ 66,216	\$ -		\$ -	\$ 2,345,007	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,411,223
Investment earnings	12,059	-	-	-	16,755	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,814
Miscellaneous					139,523								139,523
Total revenues	12,059		66,216		156,278		2,345,007						2,579,560
Expenditures: Current:													
General government	-	1,239,428	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	215,642	49,080	1,504,150
Public safety	-	346,729	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	346,729
Economic and physical development	-	-	78,819	-	-	500	2,126,513	658,860	-	-	-	-	2,864,692
Education	749,376												749,376
Total expenditures	749,376	1,586,157	78,819			500	2,126,513	658,860			215,642	49,080	5,464,947
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(737,317)	(1,586,157)	(12,603)		156,278	(500)	218,494	(658,860)	·		(215,642)	(49,080)	(2,885,387)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from:													
General Fund	-	17,908	-	-	868,000	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	886,408
Capital Reserve Fund	-	1,119,776	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,119,776
School Capital Reserve Fund	-	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,000
Reimbursement Resolution CRF Transfers to:	-	348,473	-	-	-	-	-	658,860	-	-	215,642	49,080	1,272,055
County General Capital Projects Fund	_	-	_	-	(1,119,776)	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	(1,119,776)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,586,157			(251,776)	500	_	658,860			215,642	49,080	2,258,463
Net change in fund balances	(737,317)	-	(12,603)	-	(95,498)	-	218,494	-	-	-	-	-	(626,924)
Fund Balances:													
Beginning of year - July 1	1,280,012		15,731		1,689,653								2,985,396
End of year - June 30	\$ 542,695	<u> -</u>	\$ 3,128	<u> -</u>	\$ 1,594,155	<u>-</u>	\$ 218,494	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	\$ 2,358,472

NORTH SHELBY SCHOOL CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		-	Actual			Variance
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Closed Project	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 94,343	\$ 12,059	\$ 106,402	\$ (106,402)	\$ 106,402
Total revenues		94,343	12,059	106,402	(106,402)	106,402
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Education	13,402,334	12,188,498	749,376	12,937,874	(12,937,874)	464,460
Total expenditures	13,402,334	12,188,498	749,376	12,937,874	(12,937,874)	464,460
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(13,402,334)	(12,094,155)	(737,317)	(12,831,472)	12,831,472	570,862
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Installment Proceeds	13,402,334	13,374,167		13,374,167	(13,374,167)	(28,167)
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,402,334	13,374,167		13,374,167	(13,374,167)	(28,167)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 1,280,012	(737,317)	\$ 542,695	\$ (542,695)	\$ 542,695
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1			1,280,012			
End of year - June 30			\$ 542,695			

		2019						
	_	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual		
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
General government	\$	2,436,656	\$ 1,239,428	\$ 1,197,228	\$	1,850,321		
Public Safety		357,573	346,729	10,844				
Total expenditures	_	2,794,229	1,586,157	1,208,072		1,850,321		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(2,794,229)	(1,586,157)	(1,208,072)		(1,700,321)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in:								
From General Fund		17,909	17,908	(1)		19,461		
From Reimbursement Resolution		318,397	348,473	30,076		-		
From Capital Reserve Fund		2,457,923	1,119,776	(1,338,147)		1,680,860		
From School Capital Reserve Fund			100,000	100,000				
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,794,229	1,586,157	(1,208,072)		1,700,321		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		-	\$	\$			
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1								
End of year - June 30			\$ -					

PUBLIC SHOOTING RANGE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual	Variance	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Prior Years Current Year		Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 3,892,085	\$ 2,667,039	\$ 66,216	\$ 2,733,255	\$ (1,158,830)
Total revenues	3,892,085	2,667,039	66,216	2,733,255	(1,158,830)
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:	4514714	2.047.261	70.010	2.026.000	500 (24
Economic development	4,514,714	3,847,261	78,819	3,926,080	588,634
Total expenditures	4,514,714	3,847,261	78,819	3,926,080	588,634
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(622,629)	(1,180,222)	(12,603)	(1,192,825)	(570,196)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in:					
From Capital Reserve Fund	622,629	1,195,953		1,195,953	573,324
Total other financing sources (uses)	622,629	1,195,953		1,195,953	573,324
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 15,731	(12,603)	\$ 3,128	\$ 3,128
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1			15,731		
End of year - June 30			\$ 3,128		

FOOTHILLS COMMERCE CENTER - WEST SHELBY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Variance		
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Local revenue	\$ -	\$ 375,367	\$ -	\$ 375,367	\$ 375,367
Total revenues		375,367		375,367	375,367
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
Economic development	3,166,848	2,181,927		2,181,927	984,921
Total expenditures	3,166,848	2,181,927		2,181,927	984,921
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,166,848)	(1,806,560)		(1,806,560)	1,360,288
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in:					
From Capital Reserve Fund	3,338,281	1,977,993	-	1,977,993	(1,360,288)
Transfers out:					
To Capital Reserve Fund	(171,433)	(171,433)		(171,433)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,166,848	1,806,560		1,806,560	(1,360,288)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1					
End of year - June 30			\$ -		

		2019				2018	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			Actual	
Revenues:							
Local revenues	\$ 100,000	\$ 139,523	\$	39,523	\$	144,909	
Investment income	 	 16,755		16,755		947	
Total revenues	 100,000	 156,278		56,278		145,856	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers from:							
General Fund	2,226,693	868,000		(1,358,693)		1,663,797	
Transfers to:							
Capital Projects Funds	 (2,326,693)	 (1,119,776)		1,206,917		(1,680,860)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (100,000)	 (251,776)		(151,776)		(17,063)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	(95,498)	\$	(95,498)		128,793	
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1		 1,689,653				1,560,860	
End of year - June 30		\$ 1,594,155			\$	1,689,653	

KINGS MOUNTAIN GATE WAY TRAIL - PHASE 5 CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Variance		
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 37,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (37,000)
Total revenues	37,000			<u> </u>	(37,000)
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
Economic Development	38,000	4,615	500	5,115	32,885
Total expenditures	38,000	4,615	500	5,115	32,885
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,000)	(4,615)	(500)	(5,115)	(4,115)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in:					
From General Fund	1,000	4,615	500	5,115	4,115
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,000	4,615	500	5,115	4,115
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	-	<u>\$</u>	\$
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1					
End of year - June 30			\$ -		

WASHBURN SWITCH ROAD AND RAIL CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual						Variance	
	Project <u>Authorization</u>		Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:										
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	3,903,887	\$	962,703	\$	2,345,007	\$	3,307,710	\$	(596,177)
Total revenues		3,903,887	-	962,703	-	2,345,007		3,307,710	-	(596,177)
Expenditures:										
Capital outlay:										
Economic development		3,903,887		1,200,162		2,126,513		3,326,675		577,212
Total expenditures		3,903,887		1,200,162		2,126,513		3,326,675		577,212
Revenues over (under) expenditures				(237,459)		218,494		(18,965)		(18,965)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in:										
From Reimbursement Resolution				237,459		-		237,459		237,459
Total other financing sources (uses)				237,459				237,459		237,459
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		\$			218,494	\$	218,494	\$	218,494
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year - July 1						<u>-</u>				
End of year - June 30					\$	218,494				

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

						Variance				
		Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:										
Capital outlay:										
Economic Development	\$	758,696	\$	99,836	\$	658,860	\$	758,696	\$	
Total expenditures		758,696		99,836		658,860	_	758,696		<u>-</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(758,696)		(99,836)		(658,860)		(758,696)		<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in:										
From Reimbursement Resolution		758,696		99,836		658,860		758,696		
Total other financing sources (uses)		758,696		99,836		658,860	_	758,696		
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			-	\$		\$	
Fund Balance: Beginning of year - July 1						<u>-</u>				
End of year - June 30					\$					

PINNACLE TURN LANE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Variance				
	Project Authorization		ior Years	Curren	ıt Year	Tot	al to Date	 Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 350,000	\$	407,280	\$	-	\$	407,280	\$ 57,280
Local Revenues	 58,455							 (58,455)
Total revenues	 408,455		407,280				407,280	 (1,175)
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Economic development	 408,455		407,280	-			407,280	 1,175
Total expenditures	 408,455		407,280				407,280	 1,175
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$			-	\$		\$
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1								
End of year - June 30				\$				

JAIL CONSOLIDATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

						Variance				
		Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		al to Date		Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				_		_				
Capital outlay:										
Public Safety	\$	50,000	\$	29,850	\$		\$	29,850	\$	20,150
Total expenditures		50,000		29,850				29,850	_	20,150
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(50,000)		(29,850)			_	(29,850)	_	20,150
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in:		50,000		20.850				20.850		(20.150)
From Reimbursement Resolution	-	50,000		29,850	-			29,850	_	(20,150)
Total other financing sources (uses)		50,000		29,850	-		-	29,850		(20,150)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			-	\$		\$	
Fund Balance: Beginning of year - July 1										
End of year - June 30					\$					

ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING SOFTWARE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual							
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)					
Expenditures: Capital outlay:										
General Government	\$ 1,367,662	\$ 457,338	\$ 215,642	\$ 672,980	\$ 694,682					
Total expenditures	1,367,662	457,338	215,642	672,980	694,682					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,367,662)	(457,338)	(215,642)	(672,980)	694,682					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in:										
From Reimbursement Resolution	1,367,662	457,338	215,642	672,980	(694,682)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,367,662	457,338	215,642	672,980	(694,682)					
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	<u> </u>	-	\$ -	\$ -					
Fund Balance: Beginning of year - July 1										
End of year - June 30			<u>\$</u>							

CLEVELAND COUNTY FAIR ENHANCEMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Variance			
	Project Authorization		Prior Years	Cu	rrent Year	Total to Date		Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Local Revenues	\$	150,000	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$	(150,000)
Total revenues		150,000						(150,000)
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
General Government		327,906			49,080	49,080	_	278,826
Total expenditures		327,906			49,080	49,080		278,826
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(177,906)			(49,080)	(49,080)	_	128,826
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in:								
From Reimbursement Resolution		177,906	-		49,080	49,080		(128,826)
Total other financing sources (uses)		177,906	-		49,080	49,080	_	(128,826)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ -	i	-	\$ -	\$	<u> </u>
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1								
End of year - June 30				\$				

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all expenditures for principal and interest for certain long-term debt payments. The other governmental fund types provide the resources to the Debt Service Fund to make the payments through transfers.



DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2019		 2018
	 Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 1,833,915	\$ 1,861,658	\$ 27,743	\$ 1,088,296
Total revenues	 1,833,915	 1,861,658	 27,743	 1,088,296
Expenditures: Debt service:				
Principal repayments	5,355,347	5,355,347	_	5,355,089
Interest and fees	2,282,665	2,282,665	-	2,502,268
Total expenditures	 7,638,012	7,638,012		7,857,357
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (5,804,097)	 (5,776,354)	 27,743	 (6,769,061)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in:				
From General Fund	2,593,000	2,195,802	(397,198)	2,724,746
From Reimbursement Resolution	-	-	-	737,600
From School Capital Reserve Fund	 3,211,097	 3,580,552	 369,455	 3,306,715
Total other financing sources (uses)	 5,804,097	 5,776,354	 (27,743)	 6,769,061
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	-	\$ 	-
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1		 1,200,000		 1,200,000
End of year - June 30		\$ 1,200,000		\$ 1,200,000



Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds account for the operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the government's board is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges.

Individual Fund Description:

Solid Waste Fund – accounts for solid waste collection and disposal operations including recycling in the County that is financed through solid waste user fees.



SOLID WASTE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				2019				2018
		Budget		Actual]	Variance Positive Negative)		Actual
Revenues:								
Operating revenues:								
Fees for service	\$	6,907,910	\$	7,404,183	\$	496,273	\$	7,305,117
Non-operating revenues:						105.105		
Other taxes and fees		602,091		788,587		186,496		644,313
Interest income				77,333	-	77,333		26,814
Total revenues	_	7,510,001		8,270,103		760,102	_	7,976,244
Expenditures:								
Salaries and employee benefits		2,321,498		2,031,267		290,231		2,084,789
Other operating expenditures		3,983,124		3,458,771		524,353		2,901,362
Capital outlay	_	1,379,423		1,304,593	-	74,830	_	917,229
Total expenditures		7,684,045		6,794,631		889,414		5,903,380
Revenue over (under) expenditures		(174,044)		1,475,472		(129,312)	_	2,072,864
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(515,335)		(515,335)		-		(778,794)
Appropriated retained earnings		689,379	-	- (515.005)	-	(689,379)	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		174,044		(515,335)		(689,379)		(778,794)
Revenues and other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$			960,137	\$	960,137	<u>\$</u>	1,294,070
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis to Full Accrual Basis: Reconciling items:								
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB				(6,452)				
Increase in deferred inflows of resources -OPEB				(18,366)				
Increase in OPEB liability				10,323				
Capital outlay, capitalized				1,304,593				
Change in accrued vacation				(4,380)				
Gain on disposal of asset Post-closure care costs				223,145 (226,511)				
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions				181,042				
Increase in net pension liability				(217,137)				
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions				(3,200)				
Depreciation				(828,741)				
Total reconciling items				414,316				
Change in net position			\$	1,374,453				



Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for position held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Individual Fund Descriptions:

Fines and Forfeitures Fund – accounts for fines and forfeitures collected by the court system and passed directly to the public school system as required by General Statute.

Inmate Fund – accounts for funds held by the County on behalf of inmates in the County jail

Property Tax Fund – accounts for the County's collection of property taxes that the County is required to remit to other municipalities.

Rescue Squad Fund – accounts for position held for the Fireman's Association.

Social Services Fund – accounts for position held by the Social Services Department for the benefit of certain individuals in the County.



AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN POSITION AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018			Additions	<u>D</u>	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019		
Fines and Forfeitures Fund:									
Assets: Cash	\$		\$	585,574	\$	(546,996)	\$	38,578	
Casii	φ		Φ	303,374	Φ	(340,990)	Φ	30,376	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$		\$	585,574	\$	(546,996)	\$	38,578	
Inmate Fund:									
Assets:									
Cash	\$	12,980	\$	688,119	\$	(671,807)	\$	29,292	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	12,980	\$	688,119	\$	(671,807)	\$	29,292	
Property Tax Fund:									
Assets: Cash	\$ 2	202,754	\$	268,713	\$	(202,754)	•	268,713	
Accounts receivable		581,124	Ψ	363,614	Ψ	(202,734)	Ψ	1,044,738	
Total assets	-	883,878		632,327		(202,754)		1,313,451	
				, , , ,		(1) 1 /		,, -	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 8	383,878	\$	632,327	\$	(202,754)	\$	1,313,451	
Rescue Squad Fund:									
Assets:									
Cash	\$	4,276	\$	90	\$		\$	4,366	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	4,276	\$	90	\$	_	\$	4,366	
5 1 7	·								
Social Services Fund:									
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	88,189	\$	413,294	\$	(436,362)	\$	65,121	
Cush and cush equivalents	Ψ	00,107	Ψ	.10,25	<u> </u>	(150,502)	<u> </u>	00,121	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	88,189	\$	413,294	\$	(436,362)	\$	65,121	
Totals - All Agency Funds:									
Assets:									
Cash		308,199	\$	1,370,216	\$	(1,310,923)	\$	406,070	
Account receivable		81,124	¢	949,188	6	(546,996)	•	1,044,738	
Totals - All Agency Funds:	\$ 9	989,323	\$	2,319,404	\$	(1,857,919)	\$	1,450,808	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 9	989,323	\$	2,319,404	\$	(1,857,919)	\$	1,450,808	



Additional Financial Data

This section contains additional information on taxes receivable, the tax levy, and schedule of revenues and expenditures for Cleveland County as of June 30, 2019.



SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance ıly 1, 2018		Additions		Collections and Credits		Incollected Balance Ine 30, 2019
2018-2019	\$		\$	64,495,436	\$	63,566,623	\$	928,813
2017-2018	•	961,213	·	-	·	577,331	·	383,882
2016-2017		351,928		_		146,014		205,914
2015-2016		237,583		-		86,539		151,044
2014-2015		192,483		-		69,237		123,246
2013-2014		153,874		-		19,126		134,748
2012-2013		136,613		-		10,957		125,656
2011-2012		98,794		-		5,975		92,819
2010-2011		93,456		-		3,974		89,482
2009-2010		88,412		-		3,688		84,724
2008-2009		84,766		-		84,766		-
Total	\$	2,399,122	\$	64,495,436	\$	64,574,230		2,320,328
Less: allowance for uncol			neral]	Fund			<u>\$</u>	(687,568) 1,632,760
Reconciliation with Reve							\$	63,822,841
Reconciling items:								(420,000)
Interest	. 4							(429,999)
Adjustments and abatemen								253,441 12,836
Other miscellaneous adjus Incentivized paybacks	unents							830,345
* *	4-4-4-	CT ::44:						
Amounts written off per S	tatute o	I Limitations						84,766
Total collections and cred	its						<u>\$</u>	64,574,230

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Tota	l Levy
		County-Wi	ide	Property Excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original Levy: Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 8,036,842,	222 0.72	\$ 57,865,264	\$ 52,210,657	\$ 5,654,607
Total	8,036,842,	222	57,865,264	52,210,657	5,654,607
Discoveries: Current year taxes	956,057,	361 0.72	6,883,613	6,883,613	_
Abatements	(35,200,	139) 0.72	(253,441)	(253,441)	
Total property valuation	\$ 8,957,699,	<u>444</u>			
Net Levy			64,495,436	58,840,829	5,654,607
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019			(928,813)	(928,813)	
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$ 63,566,623	\$ 57,912,016	\$ 5,654,607
Current Levy Collection Percentage			<u>98.56%</u>	98.42%	<u>100.00%</u>

Statistical Section

The Statistical Section includes data extracted from prior years' financial reports and various other sources.

The information presented in this section does not provide full and adequate disclosure of financial information for prior years required by generally accepted accounting principles. Such information is provided for supplementary analysis purposes and should be relied on only for the purpose specified.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within, which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs. Schedule 1 Cleveland County Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(accrual basis of accounting)								
				Fisca	al Ye	ar		
	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	_	2013
Governmental activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	73,352,330	\$	85,694,014	\$	112,383,657	\$	53,300,808
Restricted		13,033,908		39,629,067		20,948,015		23,947,192
Unrestricted	_	40,521,330	_	474,766		232,842		18,042,969
Total governmental activities	\$=	126,907,568	\$_	125,797,847	\$=	133,564,514	\$_	95,290,969
Business-type activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	13,200,191	\$	15,039,747	\$	16,169,340	\$	16,390,005
Unrestricted	_	1,130,529	_	(2,389,745)		(4,302,149)		(9,340,887)
Total business-type activities	\$=	14,330,720	\$_	12,650,002	\$=	11,867,191	\$_	7,049,118
Primary government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	86,552,521	\$	100,733,761	\$	128,552,997	\$	69,690,813
Restricted		13,033,908		39,629,067		20,948,015		23,947,192
Unrestricted	_	41,651,859	_	(1,914,979)	_	(4,069,307)	_	8,702,082
Total primary government net position	\$	141,238,288	\$	138,447,849	\$	145,431,705	\$	102,340,087

Fiscal	l Year

_	2014		2015	-	2016	-	2017	_	2018	_	2019
\$	85,821,431 14,779,333 6,497	\$	96,884,891 14,935,402 (3,827,118)	\$	103,435,523 18,719,625 (7,345,176)	\$	82,890,909 29,407,653 4,700,168	\$	84,463,578 21,716,519 (4,027,666)	\$	86,494,103 22,268,506 (3,053,611)
\$_	100,607,261	\$	107,993,175	\$	114,809,972	\$_	116,998,730	\$_	102,152,431	\$_	105,708,998
_		•		-		-		_		_	
\$	16,036,546	\$	16,448,095	\$	17,184,372	\$	22,236,046	\$	22,669,381	\$	23,143,736
_	(7,624,633)		(6,405,462)	-	(6,020,500)	-	(10,259,677)	-	(11,637,138)	-	(10,469,654)
\$=	8,411,913	\$	10,042,633	\$	11,163,872	\$ =	11,976,369	\$ =	11,032,243	\$=	12,674,082
\$	101,857,977	\$	113,332,986	\$	120,619,895	\$	105,126,955	\$	107,132,959	\$	109,637,839
	14,779,333		14,935,402		18,719,625		29,407,653		21,716,519		22,268,506
_	(7,618,136)		(10,232,580)	-	(13,365,676)	-	(5,559,509)	-	(15,664,804)	-	(13,523,265)
\$	109,019,174	\$	118,035,808	\$	125,973,844	\$	128,975,099	\$	113,184,674	\$	118,383,080

Schedule 2 Cleveland County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Ye	ar				Fiscal Y	Year		
	201)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 9,06	7,110 \$	6,758,722 \$	8,691,798 \$	9,360,189 \$	10,940,284 \$	9,192,572 \$	11,020,393 \$	11,852,530 \$	13,385,504 \$	\$16,206,681
Public safety	21,69	8,159	23,237,692	24,789,003	23,647,499	22,277,558	23,023,383	25,934,833	25,546,272	29,382,033	31,238,186
Human services	33,91	4,103	36,593,375	35,480,842	36,533,683	39,910,173	37,343,610	38,328,743	36,826,648	34,213,345	35,995,884
Education	25,44	6,822	26,348,019	26,031,948	26,506,854	26,785,459	28,527,582	30,170,441	30,252,460	32,706,674	32,645,084
Economic and physical development	2,34	8,461	3,882,363	2,780,339	6,394,017	3,825,642	4,887,922	5,553,981	8,076,066	17,169,078	7,211,865
Cultural and recreation	1,10	3,213	1,016,592	1,212,620	1,474,692	2,015,097	698,756	1,673,852	688,520	1,761,508	1,503,021
Interest on long term debt	64	3,989	2,283,810	2,209,258	2,110,131	1,494,721	1,791,022	1,904,752	1,741,975	2,411,379	2,247,146
Total governmental activities	94,22	1,857	100,120,573	101,195,808	106,027,065	107,248,934	105,464,847	114,586,995	114,984,471	131,029,521	127,047,867
Business-type activities:											
Landfill	3,61	3,290	8,640,661	5,789,166	10,243,838	5,145,318	4,679,344	4,862,707	5,927,192	7,916,155	6,380,315
Conference center				216,822	593,350	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total business-type activities	3,61	3,290	8,640,661	6,005,988	10,837,188	5,145,318	4,679,344	4,862,707	5,927,192	7,916,155	6,380,315
Total primary government expenses	\$ 97,83	5,147 \$_	108,761,234 \$	106,984,974 \$	116,270,903 \$	112,394,252 \$	110,144,191 \$	119,449,702 \$	120,911,663 \$	138,945,676 \$	133,428,182
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities											
Charges for services:											
General government	\$ 2,41	5,181 \$	2,283,008 \$	2,395,705 \$	2,303,786 \$	2,634,580 \$	3,164,697 \$	3,537,614 \$	3,592,173 \$	3,854,639 \$	3,906,891
Public safety	5,13	4,699	5,486,734	5,899,901	5,355,364	2,625,778	2,264,490	2,334,725	2,004,684	2,582,628	3,206,964
Human services	5,17	5,178	5,470,082	7,050,168	6,441,109	11,883	-	-	3,817,502	3,950,570	3,831,593
Education	10,17	0,228	10,150,261	10,608,208	11,226,358	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and physical development	(5,717	48,357	38,150	28,732	4,000,223	3,939,136	5,340,699	370,675	226,392	238,696
Cultural and recreation	4	3,813	57,589	98,075	79,739	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions:											
General government	1,27	2,324	1,084,642	1,000,766	1,728,852	3,889,131	3,058,427	2,284,872	1,351,849	1,917,858	1,521,611
Public safety	1,07	6,840	682,837	2,216,861	1,484,910	305,039	369,245	155,891	355,316	258,388	464,295
Human services	18,14	7,393	18,590,542	18,363,979	16,980,332	17,987,419	20,024,711	20,176,304	17,834,543	19,695,707	19,304,541
Education	· (1,802	3,214,965	· · · -	363,456	, , , <u>-</u>	· · · · -	1,231,021	· · · · · -	· · · ·	· · · · · -
Economic and physical development		-	559,339	1,840,163	1,850,639	739,658	107,025	· · · -	-	-	-
Cultural and recreation	26	3,787	799,086	1,120,349	1,313,303	-	-	-	184,000	33,000	33,768
Capital grants and contributions:											
General government	7	3,898	33,680	14,141	47,223	1,044,258	450,760	40,542	-	-	-
Public safety		-	26,271	67,461	252,730	59,411	298,438	183,461	-	1,088,296	1,861,658
Human services	60	1,747	5,020	· -	3,492	3,663,827	4,311,346	4,140,732	4,351,935	1,679,551	1,855,251
Education	2,80	6,456	2,907,522	3,947,837	8,269,925	1,462,777	1,595,639	1,593,900	1,093,478	1,289,305	1,044,355
Economic and physical development		-	404,846	1,268,978	76,272	1,008,897	-	2,063,691	1,670,321	1,167,046	2,345,007
Cultural and recreation	45	0,000		1,146,979	29,518		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Total governmental activities program revenues	47,77	9,063	51,804,781	57,077,721	57,835,740	39,432,881	39,583,914	43,083,452	36,626,476	37,743,380	39,614,630
Business-type activities:											
Charges for services		2,221	4,990,003	5,545,109	5,058,476	5,998,475	5,976,341	5,746,746	5,996,327	7,037,731	7,404,183
Operating grants and contributions	28	8,119	2,261,812	2,239,632	393,444	54,445	108,734	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions		8,500				-	-	3,700		-	
Total business-type activities program revenues	4,68	8,840	7,251,815	7,784,741	5,451,920	6,052,920	6,085,075	5,750,446	5,996,327	7,037,731	7,404,183
Total primary government program revenues	\$52,46	7,903 \$_	59,056,596 \$	64,862,462 \$	63,287,660 \$	45,485,801 \$	45,668,989 \$	48,833,898 \$	42,622,803 \$	44,781,111 \$	47,018,813
Net (Expense)/Revenue											
Governmental activities	\$ (46,44	2,794) \$	(48,315,792) \$	(44,118,087) \$	(48,191,325) \$	(67,816,053) \$	(65,880,933) \$	(71,503,543) \$	(78,357,995) \$	(93,286,141) \$	(87,433,237)
Business-type activities	1,07	5,550	(1,388,846)	1,778,753	(5,385,268)	907,602	1,405,731	887,739	69,135	(878,424)	1,023,868
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ (49.70	4,638) \$	(49,704,638) \$	(42,339,334) \$	(53,576,593) \$	(66,908,451) \$	(64,475,202) \$	(70,615,804) \$	(78,288,860) \$	(94,164,565) \$	(86,409,369)
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	φ <u>(49,/(</u>	T,000) 0	(72,707,030)	(42,337,334) \$	(33,370,373)	(00,700,431)	(07,773,202)	(/0,013,004)	(10,200,000)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(00,+07,307)

Schedule 2 Cleveland County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Yea	r		Fiscal Year									
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:															
Property taxes	\$	38,289,687 \$	38,645,416 \$	40,301,804 \$	42,960,964 \$	60,502,800 \$	59,587,494 \$	60,047,655 \$	61,266,854 \$	63,400,076 \$	66,988,662				
Local option sales tax		7,429,274	7,405,889	8,077,072	8,211,061	12,625,637	17,202,034	17,561,662	19,434,159	21,425,575	21,292,439				
Other taxes and licenses		378,380	426,626	461,395	455,306	-	-	-	360,205	122,392	127,770				
Grants and contributions not restricted		=	190,000	380,000	38,000	-	=	=	-	=	=				
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		546,517	202,215	100,740	89,033	110,873	188,580	278,703	595,379 568,882	839,841 687,665	1,316,562 750,305				
Special item: Gain/(loss) on sale of capital asset		-	-	-	(41,270,640)	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers		335,059	335,925	2,563,743	(565,944)	104,481	125,966	432,320	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	515,335				
Total governmental activities:	_	46,978,917	47,206,071	51,884,754	9,917,780	73,343,791	77,104,074	78,320,340	82,225,479	86,475,549	90,991,073				
Business-type activities:															
Investment earnings		14,553	44,053	2,179	1,251	328	1,004	13,557	31,524	26,814	77,333				
Miscellaneous		(225.050)	(225.025)	(2.5(2.742)	-	- (104 401)	515,482	652,263	711,838	644,313	788,587				
Transfers Total business-type activities	_	(335,059) (320,506)	(335,925) (291,872)	(2,563,743) (2,561,564)	565,944 567,195	(104,481) (104,153)	(125,967) 390,519	(432,320) 233,500	743,362	671,127	(515,335) 350,585				
Total business-type activities	_	(320,300)	(291,072)	(2,301,304)	307,193	(104,133)	390,319	233,300	/43,302	0/1,12/	330,383				
Total primary government	\$	46,658,411 \$	46,914,199 \$	49,323,190 \$	10,484,975 \$	73,239,638 \$	77,494,593 \$	78,553,840 \$	82,968,841 \$	87,146,676 \$	91,341,658				
Change in Net Position															
Governmental activities	\$	536,123 \$	(1,109,721) \$	7,766,667 \$	(38,273,545) \$	5,527,738 \$	11,223,141 \$	6,816,797 \$	3,867,484 \$	(6,810,592) \$	3,557,836				
Business-type activities	_	755,044	(1,680,718)	(782,811)	(4,818,073)	803,449	1,796,250	1,121,239	812,497	(207,297)	1,374,453				
Total primary government	\$	1,291,167 \$	(2,790,439) \$	6,983,856 \$	(43,091,618) \$	6,331,187 \$	13,019,391 \$	7,938,036 \$	4,679,981 \$	(7,017,889) \$	4,932,289				

Schedule 3 Cleveland County Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal	l Yea	ar		
		2010		2011		2012		2013
General Fund	_		_		_		_	
Non-spendable:								
Inventories	\$	86,552	\$	133,331	\$	91,497	\$	111,774
Long-Term receivable		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		143,292		152,370		173,487		272,721
Restricted:								
Stabilization for State statute		7,527,242		8,412,576		11,388,787		10,491,699
Register of Deeds		-		-		-		-
Restricted, all other		-		171,642		257,522		1,046,254
Committed:								
Construction		-		-		-		22,000,000
Other		-		-		-		-
Assigned for subsequent year's expenditures		4,740,153		4,437,361		5,596,601		5,869,570
Assigned all other		807,155		2,650,117		2,270,530		1,533,164
Unassigned:	_	10,291,084	_	6,324,242		5,285,290	_	5,941,744
Total General Fund	\$_	23,595,478	\$_	22,281,639	\$_	25,063,714	\$_	47,266,926
All Other Governmental Funds								
Non-spendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	_	\$	4,016	\$	1,080	\$	1,207
Restricted:				,,		,,,,,		,
Stabilization for State statute		1,238,853		22,964,923		22,674,006		1,586,536
Restricted, all other		-		-		(454,660)		(17,125,893)
Committed:						, , ,		, , , ,
Special revenue and debt service funds		641,730		465,966		_		-
Capital project funds		-		-		-		-
Assigned all other:		_		_		_		_
Unassigned:		19,385,068		13,383,369		(643,370)		(66,517)
-	-		_		_		_	
Total all other governmental funds	=	21,265,651	=	36,818,274	: =	21,577,056	=	(15,604,667)
Total fund balances	\$_	44,861,129	\$_	59,099,913	\$_	46,640,770	\$_	31,662,259

^{*} The County sold the Hospital during the 2012-2013 fiscal year.

T7: 1	Vaar

Fiscal Year 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019													
_	2014		2015		2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019		
\$	104,177	\$	144,859	\$	172,014	\$	92,666	\$	106,556	\$	108,852		
	221,001		241,229		201,261		91,764 880,263		73,412 339,516		396,008		
	7,531,900		6,873,561		7,070,633		6,583,257		8,185,106		8,647,664		
	705,424		1,202,757		3,114,229		76,671 2,432,842		121,964 2,465,389		172,918 2,465,389		
	19,015,426		9,257,021		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		15,426		15,426		1,015,426		
	5,633,347		6,025,000		4,809,895		4,555,046		5,204,151		4,992,241		
	1,500,000		3,025,000		4,015,426		5,000,000		5,000,000		3,300,000		
_	14,345,778		17,516,639	-	19,127,229	-	19,892,312	-	19,358,902	_	20,716,473		
\$=	49,057,053	\$ =	44,286,066	\$ =	38,510,687	\$_	39,620,247	\$_	40,870,422	\$_	41,814,971		
\$	5,386	\$	-	\$	43,573	\$	10,856	\$	71,930	\$	51,164		
	1,422,178		1,254,152		1,238,907		1,781,340		1,440,840		1,919,165		
	3,298,716		5,809,555		8,548,950		29,728,948		9,206,155		8,917,423		
	-,-, -,,		-,,		0,2 10,5 2 0		,,,		-,,		-, ,		
	_		15,675		469,261		_		-		-		
	-		-		499,948		9,832,946		8,135,803		8,123,200		
	-		-		-		2,269,942		2,881,403		2,794,155		
_	(1,979,061)		(126,577)		(901,293)	_	(348,897)		(916,195)	_	(1,662,935)		
_	2,747,219	. =	6,952,805	. =	9,899,346	: =	43,275,135	: =	20,819,936	_	20,142,172		
\$_	51,804,272	\$_	51,238,871	\$_	48,410,033	\$	82,895,382	\$_	61,690,358	\$	61,957,143		

Schedule 4 Cleveland County Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year				
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Revenues										
Taxes:										
Property	\$	49,833,593	\$	49,785,232	\$	52,089,876	\$	55,178,746	\$	60,197,991
Sales		10,111,795		10,067,729		10,918,854		11,099,827		11,927,085
Other		1,016,187	_	1,071,366	_	846,979		756,030		698,552
Total taxes		60,961,575		60,924,327	_	63,855,709		67,034,603		72,823,628
Intergovernmental		21,352,565		24,260,241		27,487,280		28,047,476		28,254,914
Permits and fees		883,785		865,693		943,235		968,754		4,662,137
Sales and services		9,709,237		10,479,805		11,919,725		10,996,680		5,450,492
Investment earnings		875,926		266,555		167,909		172,905		110,873
Miscellaneous		750,285		551,634		1,878,708		1,325,632		812,707
Total revenues		94,533,373	_	97,348,255		106,252,566		108,546,050		112,114,751
Expenditures										
General government		8,325,455		8,297,537		8,859,733		9,501,136		8,786,762
Public safety		18,025,869		19,404,100		20,357,264		20,234,641		20,626,911
Human services		33,192,709		33,774,319		33,936,655		34,174,002		33,749,480
Education		21,918,571		21,973,653		22,431,550		23,197,513		26,785,458
Economic and physical development		1,454,212		3,286,202		3,408,258		3,470,060		7,704,794
Culture and recreation		1,121,982		1,164,592		1,128,074		1,178,071		1,721,106
Capital outlay		14,777,085		35,247,572		27,981,472		13,914,677		4,545,366
Debt service:										
Principal		3,250,871		2,847,048		3,435,998		3,412,140		3,473,237
Interest		643,989		1,711,550		2,255,816		2,158,224		1,920,901
Total expenditures		102,710,743	-	127,706,573	-	123,794,820		111,240,464	=	109,314,015
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(8,177,370)		(30,358,318)		(17,542,254)	_	(2,694,414)	_	2,800,736
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		335,059		335,925		2,563,743		-		24,865,333
Transfers out		-		-		-		(565,944)		(24,760,852)
Proceeds from capital lease		-		=		-		-		-
Installment financing proceeds		22,081,095		17,563,250		-		52,633		-
Sale of capital assets		-	_	=	_	<u> </u>		23,349,738	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	22,416,154	_	17,899,175	_	2,563,743		22,836,427	_	104,481
Net change in fund balances	\$_	14,238,784	\$=	(12,459,143)	\$ =	(14,978,511)	\$_	20,142,013	\$_	2,905,217
Debt Service / Operating Non-Capital Ratio		4.43%		4.93%		5.94%		5.72%		5.15%

				Fiscal Year				
_	2015	_	2016	2017	_	2018		2019
\$	59,299,996	\$	60,146,105	\$ 61,374,504	\$	63,302,733	\$	\$67,057,925
	17,202,034		17,561,662	19,434,159		21,425,575		21,292,439
	513,548	_	-	<u>-</u>		-	_	-
	77,015,578		77,707,767	80,808,663		84,728,308		88,350,364
	28,591,587		29,595,682	26,769,053		25,300,823		26,961,939
	4,218,683		4,321,708	4,502,846		4,695,185		4,699,153
	5,808,912		6,243,473	5,656,678		7,037,795		7,212,000
	188,579		278,704	595,379		839,841		1,316,562
	910,103		2,346,817	661,389		1,086,004		750,305
	116,733,442		120,494,151	118,994,008		123,687,956		129,290,323
	9,331,755		10,675,904	11,067,806		12,971,595		14,107,263
	23,276,410		23,462,335	24,891,592		27,954,198		25,391,553
	33,181,597		36,610,613	32,917,523		33,024,912		34,966,574
	28,404,757		30,170,441	32,008,152		41,567,546		31,401,693
	6,147,272		5,699,333	5,541,505		4,947,724		6,284,388
	1,330,274		1,332,421	1,234,611		1,482,089		1,320,498
	13,393,096		10,530,185	5,742,301		14,408,813		9,538,225
	3,456,376		3,589,291	3,343,658		5,429,537		5,462,225
	1,808,490		1,684,786	1,536,656		2,502,268		2,282,665
_	120,330,027	_	123,755,309	118,283,804	_	144,288,682		130,755,084
_	(3,596,585)		(3,261,158)	710,204	_	(20,600,726)		(1,464,761)
	31,866,480		28,979,447	22,626,019		25,433,670		11,131,967
	(31,740,513)		(28,547,127)	(22,626,019)		(24,918,335)		(10,616,632)
			-	425,145		26,440		70,138
	-		-	33,350,000		, -		-
_		_			_	-		-
_	125,967	_	432,320	33,775,145	_	541,775		585,473
\$_	(3,470,618)	\$_	(2,828,838)	\$ 34,485,349	\$_	(20,058,951)	\$	(879,288)
	4.92%		4.66%	4.34%		6.11%		6.39%

Schedule 5 Cleveland County Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Commercial Real Property	_	Real Personal Property	_	Industrial Property	 Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Total Direct Tax Rate (3)	 Estimated Actual Value (4)
2010	\$ 4,983,714,807	\$	1,334,442,491	\$	326,924,856	\$ 6,645,082,154	\$ 0.7200	\$ 2,940,662,629
2011	5,008,320,561		1,293,716,402		374,726,300	6,676,763,263	0.7200	3,230,027,558
2012	5,035,338,075		1,348,627,630		604,756,377	6,988,722,082	0.7200	3,876,548,797
2013	5,100,510,697		1,686,009,784		650,972,983	7,437,493,464	0.7200	4,397,768,311
2014	5,962,080,488		1,725,042,756		705,256,339	8,392,379,583	0.7200	4,964,092,523
2015	6,058,447,457		1,675,189,181		741,430,862	8,475,067,500	0.7200	5,008,764,893
2016 (5)	5,949,760,853		1,464,352,946		813,084,179	8,227,197,978	0.7200	4,862,274,005
2017	4,750,457,635		3,209,409,209		472,393,562	8,432,260,406	0.7200	8,634,057,316
2018	4,787,922,158		3,211,020,704		476,124,638	8,475,067,500	0.7200	9,048,102,044
2019	4,519,389,711		3,936,446,342		501,863,391	8,957,699,444	0.7200	10,193,539,465

Source: County Assessor's Annual County Report of Valuation and Property Tax Levies

Notes:

- (1) Present use value property is agricultural, horticultural, and forestland for which the owner has applied for the property to be taxed at its present use. The difference in taxes on the present use basis and the taxes that would have been payable is a lien on the property and is deferred. The taxes become due if the property ceases to qualify for present use value. The preceding three fiscal years taxes are then required to be paid.
- (2) Public service companies valuations are provided to the County by the North Carolina Department of Revenue. These amounts include both real and personal property.
- (3) Per \$100 of value.
- (4) The estimated market value is calculated by dividing the assessed value by an assessment-to-sales ratio determined by the N.C. Department of Revenue. The ratio is based on actual property sales which took place during the fiscal year. The ratio for the most recent year is not yet available.
 (This ratio only applies to real property. Ratio for 2017 was 0.9628)
- (5) Property in Cleveland County is typically reassessed every four years and never to exceed 8 years.

 January 1, 2016 was the last revaluation. Prior to 2016 the last revaluation was in 2008. The current cycle is set for five years. (2021)
- * Indicates valuation was included in Commercial Property Valuation

Schedule 6 **Cleveland County** Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

		Fi	scal Year				Fiscal Year	•	
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 2017	2018	2019
Cleveland County \$	0.0072 \$	0.0072 \$	0.0072 \$	0.0072 \$	0.0072 \$	0.0072 \$	0.0072 \$ 0.0072	\$ 0.0072	0.0072
Municipality Rates:									
Town of Grover	0.0038	0.0038	0.0038	0.0038	0.0038	0.0039	0.0039 0.0039	0.0039	0.0039
City of Kings Mountain	0.0030	0.0038	0.0030	0.0040	0.0030	0.0039	0.0039 0.0039		0.0033
City of Kings Mountain Municiple Service District	0.0024	0.0040	0.0024	0.0024	0.0040	0.0024	0.0040 0.0043		0.0043
Town of Lattimore	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0018	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024 0.0027		0.0027
Town of Kingstown	0.0018	0.0018	0.0018	0.0018	0.0018	0.0022	0.0022 0.0022 0.0035		0.0022
Town of Fallston	0.0005	0.0035	0.0005	0.0035	0.0033	0.0035	0.0035 0.0035		0.0048
Town of Earl	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003 0.0003		0.0003
Town of Polkville	0.0017	0.0007	0.0005	0.0005	0.0017	0.0005	0.0007 0.0007		0.0016
Town of Lawndale	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0023	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003 0.0003		0.0023
Town of Casar	0.0023	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025 0.0025		0.0025
Town of Waco	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003 0.0003		0.0003
City of Shelby	0.0012	0.0013	0.0017	0.0017	0.0017	0.0020	0.0020 0.0020		0.0020
Uptown Shelby Municiple Revitilization	0.0022	0.0022	0.0044	0.0022	0.0044	0.0022	0.0022 0.0025		0.0032
Town of Boiling Springs	0.0022	0.0022	0.0022	0.0022	0.0022	0.0022	0.0022 0.0023 0.0033		0.0023
Town of Patterson Springs	0.0029 N/A	0.0029 N/A	0.0029 N/A	0.0029 N/A	0.0029 N/A	0.0032 N/A	N/A N/A	0.0037	0.0038
Town of Belwood	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	0.0013
Town of Betwood	IN/A	1 N /A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A IN/A	N/A	0.0003
Fire Districts:									
County Fire	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005 0.0005	0.0009	0.0009
Fallston Fire	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005 0.0005	N/A	N/A
Lattimore Fire	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0004	0.0005	0.0005 0.0005	0.0009	0.0009
Rippy Fire	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005 0.0005	0.0009	0.0009
Canitany Water District	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002 0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
Sanitary Water District	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002 0.0002	0.0002	0.0002

Source: Cleveland County Tax Collector
*Fallston Fire went in with the main County Fire taxing district in FY 2018.

Schedule 7 Cleveland County Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			Fisc	Fiscal Year 2010					
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation		Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Duke Energy Corporation	Electric Utility	\$	728,882,950	1	8.9%	\$	283,516,066	1	4.27%
Clearwater Paper Corporation	Paper products		471,585,243	2	5.7%		N/A	N/A	0.00%
NTE Energy	Electric Utility		366,856,015	3	4.5%		N/A	N/A	0.00%
Southern Power Company	Electric Utility		243,578,797	4	3.0%		N/A	N/A	0.00%
Nippon Electric Glass	Fiberglass Manufacturing		113,435,547	5	1.4%		N/A	N/A	0.00%
Disney WorldWide Services Inc.	Entertainment		105,756,720	6	1.3%		N/A	N/A	0.00%
Bell South Telephone Company	Telecommunication		102,875,029	7	1.3%		31,571,243	4	0.48%
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	Warehouse/Retail Store		85,940,384	8	1.0%		73,357,802	3	1.10%
Ensono Inc	Information Data Center		75,942,220	9	0.9%		N/A	N/A	0.00%
Albemarle Inc	Specialty Chemicals	_	70,601,504	10	0.9%		N/A	N/A	0.00%
Totals		\$_	2,365,454,409		28.79%	_ \$ _	388,445,111		5.85%

Source: Cleveland County Assessor

Note: N/A - information not available due to company history in Cleveland County.

Schedule 8 Cleveland County Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied			Collected	within the						
	for the			Fiscal Year	of the Levy		Collections		Total Colle	ctions to Date	
Fiscal	Fiscal Year		Total		Percentage of		in Subsequent			Percentage of	
Year	(Original Levy)	 Adjustments	Adjusted Levy	 Amount	Original Levy	_	Years	_	Amount	Adjusted Levy	Uncollected
2010	\$ 49.202.687	\$ (34,242)	\$ 49,168,445	\$ 47,199,319	96.00% \$	S	1,847,559	\$	49,046,878	99.75% \$	121,567
2011	49,471,422	(72,829)	49,398,593	47,595,790	96.35%		1,647,112		49,242,902	99.68%	155,691
2012	51,681,105	(1,463,467)	50,217,638	49,992,054	99.55%		-		49,992,054	99.55%	225,584
2013	55,072,700	(1,247,947)	53,824,753	53,364,782	99.15%		-		53,364,782	99.15%	459,971
2014	58,422,332	(392,434)	58,029,898	56,686,171	97.68%		-		56,686,171	97.68%	1,343,727
2015	58,143,528	(69,534)	58,073,994	57,048,877	98.23%		-		57,048,877	98.23%	1,025,117
2016	59,509,987	(274,162)	59,235,825	58,272,377	98.37%		-		58,272,377	98.37%	963,448
2017	61,013,048	(587,915)	60,425,133	59,552,304	98.56%		-		59,552,304	98.56%	872,829
2018	61,608,401	(587,915)	61,020,486	60,059,273	98.42%		-		60,059,273	98.42%	961,213
2019	64,748,877	(253,441)	64,495,436	63,566,623	98.56%		-		63,566,623	98.56%	928,813
										\$	7,057,960

Source: Cleveland County Tax Collector

Schedule 9 Cleveland County Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental Activities										В	usir	iess-Type Activit						
Fiscal Year	Geno Obliga Bon	tion	_	Limited Obligation Bonds	_	Installment Contracts	_	Installment Purchases		Other	-	General Obligation Bonds	_	Limited Obligation Bonds		stallment urchases	 Total Primary Government	_	Per Capita (1)	Percentage of Personal Income (1)
2010	\$ 1,6	00,000	\$	22,000,000	\$	12,019,603	\$	-	\$	178,830	\$	_	\$	- 5	S	_	\$ 35,798,433	\$	367	1.25%
2011	1,3	50,000		20,920,000		28,148,778		-		115,556		-		-		-	50,534,334		515	1.72%
2012	1,1	00,000		19,840,000		26,108,385		_		49,950		-		_		-	47,098,335		477	1.56%
2013	8	50,000		18,760,000		24,067,216		-		61,613		_		-		-	43,738,829		441	1.37%
2014	6	00,000		17,675,000		22,090,050		-		33,873		_		-		-	40,398,923		405	1.24%
2015	3	50,000		16,590,000		19,980,662		-		21,887		_		-		-	36,942,549		373	1.02%
2016	1	00,000		15,505,000		17,519,868		-		11,095		_		-		-	33,135,963		337	0.87%
2017		-		14,420,000		48,849,671		_		715,074		-		_		-	63,984,745		650	1.70%
2018		-		13,335,000		44,605,475		_		641,174		-		_		-	58,581,649		597	1.53%
2019		-		12,250,000		40,361,278		-		578,284		-		-		-	53,189,562		602	1.39%

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 13 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Schedule 10 Cleveland County Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	Limited Obligation Bonds	Total	Percentage of Personal Income(1)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property(2)	Per Capita(1)
2010	\$ 3,925,000 \$	- \$	3,925,000	0.14%	0.06%	\$ 40
2011	1,600,000	22,000,000	23,600,000	0.80%	0.35%	241
2012	1,350,000	20,920,000	22,270,000	0.74%	0.34%	225
2013	1,100,000	19,840,000	20,940,000	0.65%	0.31%	211
2014	850,000	18,760,000	19,610,000	0.60%	0.28%	197
2015	350,000	16,590,000	16,940,000	0.47%	0.23%	171
2016	100,000	15,505,000	15,605,000	0.41%	0.19%	159
2017	-	14,420,000	14,420,000	0.39%	0.18%	147
2018	-	13,335,000	13,335,000	0.35%	0.16%	136
2019	-	12,250,000	12,250,000	0.32%	0.13%	126

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the Financial Statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 13 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

⁽²⁾ See Schedule 5 for assessed property valuation data.

Schedule 11 Cleveland County Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year							
		2010		2011		2012	_	2013	
Assessed Value of Property	\$	6,645,082,154	\$	6,676,763,263	\$	6,988,722,082	\$	7,437,493,464	
Debt Limit, 8% of Assessed Value (Statutory Limitation) Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit:		531,606,572		534,141,061		559,097,767		594,999,477	
Less: Gross debt	_	35,798,433		50,534,334	_	47,098,335		43,738,829	
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	35,798,433		50,534,334	_	47,098,335	. <u>-</u>	43,738,829	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ =	495,808,139	\$	483,606,727	\$_	511,999,432	\$	551,260,648	
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt lim	nit	3.19%		6.73%		9.46%		8.42%	

Note: N.C. Statute G.S. 159-55 limits the County's outstanding debt to 8% of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. The following deductions are made from gross debt to arrive at net debt applicable to the limit: debt incurred for water, sewer, gas or electric power purposes; uncollected special assessments, refunding bonds not not yet issued; and revenue bonds. The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the County's net debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the County's legal borrowing authority.

Fiscal Year

	2014		2015	2016		2017		2018		2019
\$	8,029,709,444	\$	8,065,832,500	\$ 8,227,197,978	\$	8,392,379,583	\$	8,475,067,500	\$	8,957,699,444
	642,376,756		645,266,600	658,175,838		671,390,367		678,005,400		716,615,956
_	40,398,923		36,942,549	 33,553,258		63,984,745	_	58,581,649	_	53,189,562
_	40,398,923	. <u>-</u>	36,942,549	 33,553,258	. <u>-</u>	63,984,745	_	58,581,649	_	53,189,562
\$_	601,977,833	\$_	608,324,051	\$ 624,622,580	\$_	607,405,622	\$ _	619,423,751	\$=	663,426,394
	7.35%		6.29%	5.73%		5.10%		9.53%		7.42%

Schedule 12 Cleveland County Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit		Gross Non-Revenue Bonded Debt	Percent Applicable to County	_	Amount Applicable to Primary Government
Total County direct debt	\$	53,189,562	100%	\$	18,514,640
Overlapping: Public Schools Total overlapping debt	\$ _	12,250,000 12,250,000	0%	-	<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	65,439,562		\$_	18,514,640

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Cleveland County reported. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Schedule 13 Cleveland County Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	 Population(1)	- <u>-</u>	Personal Income (2) (thousands of dollars)	_	Median Household Income (2)	Public School Enrollment(3)	Unemployment Rate(4)	Number of Commercial Public Food Inspections Performed(5)	Number of Building Inspections Performed(6)
2010	\$ 98,078	\$	2,939,629	\$	29,972	\$ 17,325	13.19%	1,381	288
2011	98,760		3,026,601		30,646	16,762	12.07%	1,360	293
2012	99,230		3,202,220		32,852	16,557	10.94%	1,321	259
2013	99,660		3,268,534		33,680	16,492	10.49%	1,270	250
2014	98,953		3,618,414		36,567	16,374	6.80%	1,038	275
2015	98,224		3,829,655		38,989	15,103	6.80%	1,192	262
2016	97,871		3,739,455		38,208	14,906	5.60%	1,192	300
2017	97,178		3,892,854		40,059	14,761	4.40%	1,187	319
2018	98,074		3,838,028		39,134	14,452	4.30%	1,185	324
2019	97,288		3,531,415		40,002	15,070	4.60%	1,178	348

Notes

- (1) N.C. State Data Center. Estimates are as of the beginning of the fiscal year / Charlotte Regional Partnership Website
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, U. S. Department of Commerce. Figures are for the prior calendar year
- https://bea.gov/regional/ Local Area Personal Income & Employment
- (3) N.C. Department of Public Instruction, Final Average Daily Membership for fiscal year
- (4) N. C. Employment Security Commission, Unemployment Rate at end of fiscal year
- (5) Total number of inspections performed by Cleveland County Inspections Department. Does not include inspections by municipalities

^{*} Information not yet available.

Schedule 14 Cleveland County Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	19		0
	Employment		Employment	
Employer	Range	Rank	Range	Rank
Cleveland County Board of Education	1000+	1	1000+	1
Atrium Health	1000+	2	1000+	2
Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	1000+	3	500-999	5
County of Cleveland	1000+	4	500-999	6
Gardner-Webb University	500-999	5	500-999	7
PPG Industries Inc.	500-999	6	N/A	N/A
Hanesbrands, Inc.	500-999	7	N/A	N/A
Ingles Markets, Inc	500-999	8	N/A	N/A
Clearwater Paper Corporation	250-499	9	N/A	N/A
Cleveland Community College	250-499	10	250-499	9

Source: Cleveland County Chamber of Commerce (704-487-8521) Notes: Data not available on percentage of total employment.

Schedule 15 Cleveland County Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Full-Time	Equivalent	Employees .	As of June 30			
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government	84	84	85	85	85	88	89	92	95	102
Public safety	238	254	271	272	266	279	286	287	288	294
Environmental protection	36	36	36	36	36	36	39	39	38	37
Economic and physical development	16	16	17	17	17	18	18	19	19	18
Human services	373	379	385	386	403	410	417	420	421	431
Cultural and recreation	16	16	16	16	21	23	24	24	25	26
Total	763	785	810	812	828	<u>854</u>	<u>873</u>	881	886	908

Source: Human Resources Department

Note: This schedule represents number of persons employed as of June 30 of each year. Full-time personnel work from 1950 to 2080 base hours per year (less vacation and sick leave).

Schedule 16 Cleveland County Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
		2010		2011	2012		2013		2014
Function					_				
General Government									
# of registered voters		61,566		60,376	63,889)	61,676		62,000
Public Safety									
# of building permits issued		288		293	259)	250		275
# of calls dispatched		67,153		77,196	90,430)	95,502		90,588
Human Services									
# of food & lodging sites inspected		1,381		1,360	1,32	l	1,270		1,171
# of Health clients served (clinical)		31,684		23,937	22,370)	22,964		18,226
Economic and Physical Development									
Number of major subdivision plan reviews		0		0	()	0		0
<u>Cultural and Recreation</u> Library:									
Book volumes per capita		1.42		1.44	1.48	3	1.44		1.54
Library income per capita (local)		9.00		8.49	8.7	l	8.74		8.64
Library income per capita (total)		12.84		12.08	11.90)	11.07		10.02
Library visits per capita		1.69		1.71	1.60)	1.70		1.62
Turnover rate (circulation per book)		2.02		2.10	1.40	5	1.44		1.51
Education									
Total \$ spent per ADM	\$	1,655	\$	1,680	\$ 1,715	5 \$	1,761	\$	1,736
Enterprise Fund - Landfill									
Solid waste generated # tons/day		398		417	489)	431		468

Source: Fiscal year data for various governmental and business-type functions.

^{*}The decline in major subdivision plan reviews is related to the downturn in the economy that began in late 2008.

^{**} Per capita information based on most recent US Census.

Fiscal Year												
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019								
58,771 61,180		63,435	64,557	60,779								
262	300		324	348								
90,154	95,769	94,568	99,050	110,779								
1,192	1,192	1,187	1,185	1,178								
18,627	16,796		16,442	16,329								
0	0	0	0	0								
1.14	1.19	0.98	1.06	1.03								
9.41	9.81	10.41	9.20	10.44								
13.27	12.41	12.71	12.33	12.76								
1.86	1.86	1.79	2.66	1.36								
1.88	1.72	1.77	1.87	2.04								
\$ 1,751	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,903	\$ 1,975	\$ 1,975								
477	446	470	495	699								

Schedule 17 Cleveland County Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fisc	al Year	
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function					
Public Safety					
Sheriff's Department:					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	123	138	128	128	128
Emergency Medical Services:					
Stations	9	9	9	9	9
Vehicles	32	31	29	28	30
Cultural and Recreation					
Park acreage	1,460	1,460	1,461	1,468	1,468
Parks	1	1	2	2	2
Libraries	2	2	2	2	2
Total government-wide assets value	\$ 169.432.071	\$ 203,494,186	\$ 231,646,536	\$ 146,076,511	\$ 147.872.060

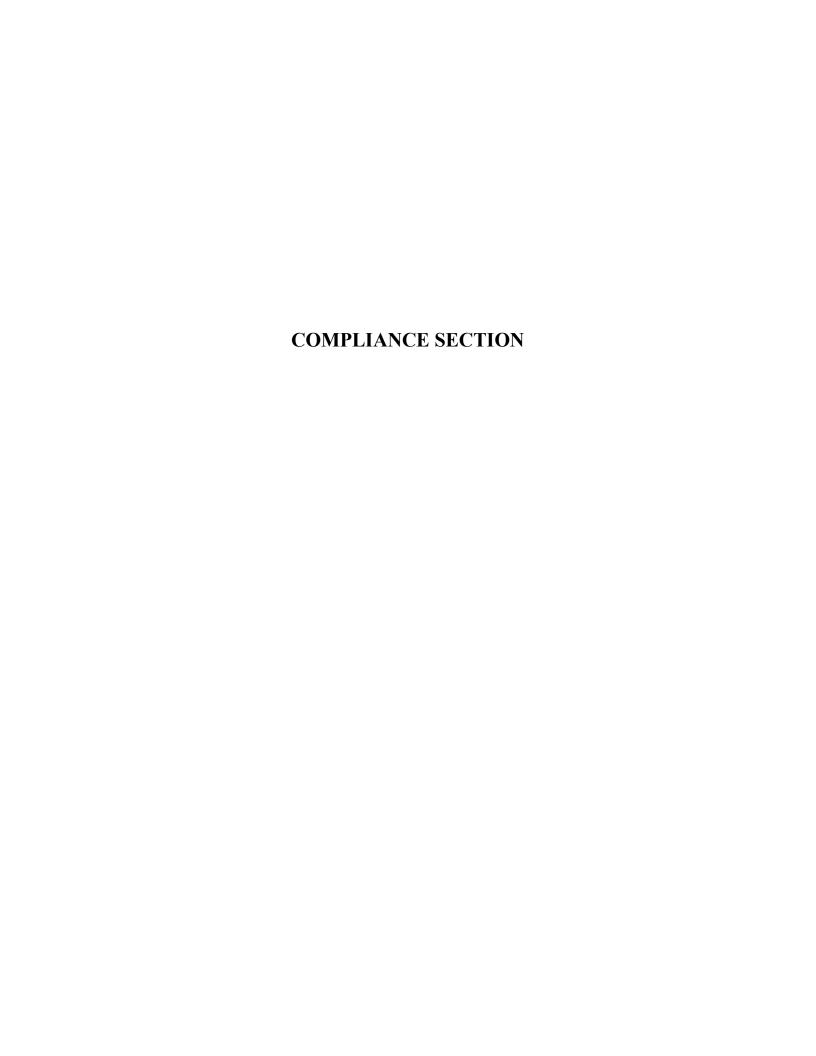
Source: Various County Departments

Fiscal Year											
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019							
1	1	1	1	1							
154	165	169	160	164							
9	9	9	9	9							
30	34	34	35	38							
1,468	1,468	1,468	1,468	1,468							
2	2	2	2	2							
2	2	2	2	2							
\$ 161,888,551	\$ 173,506,273	\$ 182,857,144	\$ 197,967,905	\$ 203,453,604							

Schedule 18 **Cleveland County** Principal Industry Sectors -Current versus 3 and 6 years ago

	 2	019			2016			2013	
Industry NAICS Sector*	Annual Wages Paid	Annual Average Number of Employees	% Percentage of Total Labor Force or Employed	Annual Wages Paid	Annual Average Number of Employees	% Percentage of Total Labor Force or Employed	Annual Wages Paid	Annual Average Number of Employees	% Percentage of Total Labor Force or Employed
1. Manufacturing (31)	 372.416.470.00	6,752	20.42%	\$ 340.813.036.00	6,559	20.47%	 276.572.279.00	5,657	18.44%
2. Health Care and Social Assistance (62)	\$ 224,852,300.00	5,135	15.53%	\$ 210,432,196.00	5,303	16.55%	186,873,018.00	5,188	16.91%
3. Educational Services (61)	\$ 134,569,773.00	3,652	11.04%	\$ 131,338,673.00	3,836	11.97%	\$ 125,671,232.00	3,892	12.68%
4. Retail Trade (44)	\$ 108,180,661.00	3,996	12.08%	\$ 105,739,236.00	3,926	12.25%	\$ 99,042,933.00	3,812	12.42%
5. Transportation and Warehousing (48)	\$ 103,102,274.00	2,447	7.40%	\$ 88,577,904.00	2,304	7.19%	\$ 71,878,736.00	1,983	6.46%
6. Public Administration (92)	\$ 82,877,848.00	2,042	6.17%	\$ 75,369,237.00	2,004	6.26%	\$ 71,721,327.00	2,018	6.58%
7. Construction (23)	\$ 86,047,952.00	1,695	5.13%	\$ 60,763,847.00	1,494	4.66%	\$ 51,257,852.00	1,420	4.63%
Administrative and Waste Services (56)	\$ 60,307,375.00	2,193	6.63%	\$ 44,488,753.00	1,723	5.38%	\$ 46,680,396.00	1,920	6.26%
9. Wholesale Trade (42)	\$ 41,859,166.00	941	2.85%	\$ 42,289,995.00	982	3.07%	\$ 42,173,238.00	1,119	3.65%
10. Accommodation and Food Services (72)	\$ 44,726,672.00	3,018	9.13%	\$ 39,326,924.00	2,808	8.76%	\$ 32,742,030.00	2,506	8.17%
11. Finance and Insurance (52)	\$ 24,913,158.00	486	1.47%	\$ 23,151,059.00	525	1.64%	\$ 24,968,007.00	606	1.97%
12. Professional and Technical Services (54)	\$ 41,957,725.00	712	2.15%	\$ 27,678,249.00	574	1.79%	\$ 22,069,785.00	565	1.84%
	\$ 1,325,811,374	33,069	100.00%	\$ 1,189,969,109.00	32,038	100.00%	\$ 1,051,650,833	30,686	100.00%

^{*}All data in this exhibit was obtained from the Employment Security Commission of North Carolina ** All data is on calendar year end basis.



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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Cleveland County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cleveland County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cleveland County basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Cleveland County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Cleveland County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cleveland County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Dice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.

Whiteville, NC

November 19, 2019

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.



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Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Cleveland County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Cleveland County, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Cleveland County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Cleveland County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Cleveland County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Cleveland County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Cleveland County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Cleveland County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Cleveland County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Cleveland County internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have direct and material effect on major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstance for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items [2019-001, 2019-002, 2019-003] that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Cleveland County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Dice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.

Whiteville, NC

November 19, 2019

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Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major State Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Cleveland County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Cleveland County, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Cleveland County's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Cleveland County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Cleveland County's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and applicable sections of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200,Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Cleveland County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Cleveland County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, Cleveland County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Cleveland County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Cleveland County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.

Whiteville, NC

November 19, 2019

Cleveland County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>				
Type of auditor's report issue	ed: Unmodified			
Internal control over financia	al reporting:			
• Material weakness(es) iden	tified?		yes	_Xno
• Significant deficiency(ies) not considered to be mater			yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to f	inancial statements noted	i	yes	X no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major for	ederal programs:			
• Material weakness(es) iden	tified?		yes	X no
• Significant deficiency(ies) not considered to be mater			X yes	none reported
Noncompliance material to f	ederal awards		yes	<u>X</u> no
Type of auditor's report issue	ed on compliance for maj	or federal programs: Uni	modified	
Any audit findings disclosed reported in accordance wit			X_ yes	no
Identification of major federa	al programs:			
	CFDA #	Program Name		
	10.557 93.659, 93.659 93.778		Nutrition Program for Wo Adoption Assistance Clust ogram	
Dollar threshold used to disti Type A and Type B Progra	_			\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk	auditee?		X yes	no

Cleveland County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results (continued)

State Awards		
Internal control over major State programs:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to State awards	yes	X no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	yes	<u>X</u> no
Identification of major State programs:		
Program Name		
IV-E Foster Care and Adoption Assistance	e Cluster	

Medical Assistance Program

Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery Proceeds Highway Construction Programs

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2019-001

US Department of Health and Human Service

Passed through the NC Dept of Health and Human Services

Program Names: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA #s: 93.778

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

ELIGIBILITY

Criteria: The Child Support Enforcement Agency (IV-D) can assist the family in obtaining financial and/or

> medical support or medical support payments from the child's non-custodial parent. Cooperation requirement with Social Services and Child Support Agencies must be met or good cause for not

cooperating must be established when determining Medicaid eligibility.

Condition: There were four errors discovered during our procedures that referrals between DSS and Child Support

> Agencies were not properly made. Three of the four errors indicating DSS failed to make referrals to Child Support Agencies. One applicant received assistance although the Child Support case was

indicating non cooperation and no good cause was established.

Questioned Costs: The amounts paid out for the above ineligible participants did not exceed the threshold for a questioned

cost determination.

Context: We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC

> Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance

Effect: One applicant received assistance for which client was not eligible.

Cause: Error in reading the ACTS report, and ineffective case review process.

Recommendation: Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper information is in place and necessary procedures

are taken when determining eligibility. The results found or documentation made in case notes should

The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if

clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.

Views of responsible officials and planned

corrective acion was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what corrective actions: information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record

keeping, and reserve calculations.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Finding 2019-002

US Department of Health and Human Service

Passed through the NC Dept of Health and Human Services Program Names: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA #s: 93.778

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY ELIGIBILITY

Criteria: In accordance with 42 CFR 435, documentation must be obtained as needed to determine if a recipient

meets specific income standards, and documentation must be maintained to support eligibility determinations. In accordance with 2 CFR 200, management should have an adequate system of internal controls procedures in place to ensure an applicant is properly determined or redetermined for

benefits.

Condition: There were ten errors discovered during our procedures that inaccurate information was entered when

determining eligibility. Five of the ten errors were due to inaccurate household member information;

Five of the ten errors were due to inaccurate income calculation.

Questioned Costs: There was no affect to eligibility and there were no questioned costs.

Context: We examined 60 Medicaid applicant from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC

Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance

audit.

Effect: For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly

documented and reconciled to NC FAST which could affect income. Therefore, a participant could

have been approved to receive benefits for which they were not eligible.

Cause: Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and

incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.

Recommendation: Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers

should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST. The results found or documentation made in case

notes should clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will perform second party reviews to ensure proper documentation is contained in files to support eligibility determinations. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record

keeping, and reserve calculations.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Finding 2019-003***

US Department of Health and Human Service

Passed through the NC Dept of Health and Human Services Program Names: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA #s: 93.778

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY ELIGIBILITY

Criteria: Medicaid for Aged, Blind and Disabled case records should contain documentation that verifications

were done in preparation of the application and these items will agree to reports in the NC FAST system. In this process, the countable resources should be calculated correctly and agree back to the amounts in the NC FAST system. Any items discovered in the verification process should be

considered countable or non-countable resources and explained within the documentation.

Condition: There were nine errors discovered during our procedures that resources in the county documentation

and those same resources contained in NC FAST were not the same amounts or files containing resources were not properly documented to be considered countable or non-countable. Six of the nine

errors for which online verification for resources were incomplete.

Questioned Costs: There was no affect to eligibility and there were no questioned costs.

Context: We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC

Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance

audit.

Effect: For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly

documented and reconciled to NC FAST which could affect countable resource. Therefore, applicants

could have received assistance for which they were not eligible.

Cause: Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and

incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.

Recommendation: Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers

should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST. The results found or documentation made in case

notes should clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if corrective action was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record

keeping, and reserve calculations.

*** This is a repeat finding.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA #93.778

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCY: Finding 2019-001, 2019-002 and 2019-003 also apply to State requirements and State Awards.



Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2019-001

Name of Contact Person: Katie Swanson, DSS Director

Corrective Action: Management concurs with the findings and will ensure the following corrections are made and adhered

to:

•Workers will complete training on IV-D Non-Coop as a refresher.

•Workers will research all agency records and will utilize OVS to thoroughly evaluate for IV-D

cooperation.

•Workers will use documentation template to clearly document in case file if client has or has not

cooperated with child support.

•Workers will also check evidence dashboard for accuracy and ensure the OVS was ran for all

household members.

•Workers will request Social Security Numbers for all recipients as required by policy and will update

evidence dashboard to reflect information received.

•Supervisors will monitor reports for IV-D noncooperation as well as check for SSN on all recipients

when completing a second party on a record.

Proposed Completion Date: The proposed corrective action steps are effective immediately and on-going

Finding 2019-002

Name of Contact Person: Katie Swanson, DSS Director

Corrective Action: Management concurs with the findings and will ensure the following corrections are made and adhered

to:

•Workers will have refresher training on how to correctly enter income into NCFAST using the Income

wizard.

•Workers will also check determinations when completing a redetermination to ensure that income and

household size are being correctly determined in the system.

•Workers will check member relationships on evidence dashboard to ensure that relationships were

correctly entered.

•Caseworkers will use documentation template as a means of documenting household size and

countable income used for application and/or redetermination.

•Supervisors will check income and member relationship for accuracy when completing second party

reviews on redeterminations/applications.

Proposed Completion Date: The proposed corrective action steps are effective immediately and on-going



Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Finding 2019-003

Name of Contact Person: Katie Swanson, DSS Director

Corrective Action: Management concurs with the findings and will ensure the following corrections are made and adhered

to:

•Workers will complete refresher training on countable resources for Aged, Blind and Disabled

•Workers will utilize the Vehicle verification form to document client's statement of vehicles showing

on OVS hit.

•Workers will also utilize the documentation template to clearly document countable resources.

•Workers will be reminded that the evidence dashboard must be updated at every review to include any new or changed resource evidence including updating the value of any countable vehicles as well as

OVS and real property check completed and documented.

•Workers will check resource tab on eligibility check in NCFAST to ensure that they system is

correctly counting the client's total resources.

•Supervisors will also check these areas when they are completing a second party on a case.

Proposed Completion Date: The proposed corrective action steps are effective immediately and on-going.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Reported.

Cleveland County, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Year Aaudit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding: 2018-01

Status: Corrected.

Finding: 2018-02

Status: Repeated as 2019-003.

r	or the Year Ende	a June 30, 201	9			
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title 1(a)	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u> 1(b)	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures 1(c)(d),2	State Expenditures 1(d)	Passed-through to <u>Subrecipients</u> 1(e)	Local Expenditures 1(d)
Federal Awards: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: Administration: State Administrative Matching Grants for the						
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		\$ 1,157,467	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,157,467
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Public Health: Administration:						
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, & Children Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.557		567,080 1,724,547	<u>-</u>		1,157,467
U.S. Dept. of Justice Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738		6,888			
Total U.S. Dept. of Justice	10.738		6,888	-		
U. S. Department of Homeland Security Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Public Safety: Division of Emergency Management:	07.040		50,000			
Emergency Management Performance Homeland Security Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security	97.042 97.067		52,899 16,000 68,899	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -
Institute of Museum and Library Services Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Cultural and Natural Resources Division of State Library						
LSTA Total Institute of Museum and Library Services	45.310		8,000 8,000	-		<u> </u>
U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster Division of Social Services:						
TANF - Work First Division of Public Health	93.558		1,623,463	-	-	1,474,780
TANF - Work First Total TANF Cluster	93.558		16,569 1,640,032	<u>-</u>	-	1,474,780
AFDC Payments & Penalties	93.560		(308)	(84)	-	(85)
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster Foster Care - Title IV-E Foster Care	93.658 N/A		1,787,372 166,136	347,597	- -	924,919 299,455
Adoption Assistance Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster	93.659		11,884 1,965,392	347,597		11,884 1,236,258
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		1,223,507	-	-	630,291
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Administered Total Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566		(3)	<u>-</u>		
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance: Administration	93.568		90,899	-	-	-
Energy Assistance Payments Crisis Intervention Program Total Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568 93.568		418,800 591,111 1,100,810			
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program:						
 Permanency Planning - Families for Kids Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Programme 	93.645 ram		29,008 29,008	-		9,669 9,669
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		41,008	9,034	-	-

F or the	Year End	ea June 30, 201	9			
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title 1(a)	Federal CFDA Number 1(b)	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures 1(c)(d),2	State Expenditures 1(d)	Passed-through to <u>Subrecipients</u> 1(e)	Local Expenditures 1(d)
SSBG - Other Service and Training	93.667		\$ 460,308	s -	\$ -	\$ 153,436
Division of Aging and Adult Services:	93.007		\$ 400,308	5 -	\$ -	\$ 155,450
Division of Social Services:						
SSBG - State In Home Service Fund	93.667		20,541	-	-	2,934
SSBG - State Adult Day Care	93.667		69,568	14,928	-	21,586
Passed-through Isothermal Regional Commission						
Social Service Block Grant (SSBG) - In Home Services	93.667		25,827	738		177.056
Total Social Service Block Grant			576,244	15,666		177,956
Administration for Children and Families Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services Subsidized Child Care (Note 4)						
Child Care Development Fund Cluster: Division of Social Services:						
Child Care Development Fund-Administration	93.596		93,212	-	_	-
Total Child Care Fund Cluster			93,212			
Total Subsidized Child Care			93,212			
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Medical Assistance: Division of Social Services: Administration:						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		2,772,158	16,535	-	994,843
Total Medical Assistance Program			2,772,158	16,535	_	994,843
Division of Social Services: Administration: State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice Total State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice	93.767 ce		58,725 58,725	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Public Health: Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) and Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) Aligned Cooperative Agreements	93.074		36,338	_	_	_
Well-Integrated Screening and Evaluation for Women Across the						
Nation Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis	93.094		1,890	-	-	-
Control Program	93.116		21	-	-	-
Family Planning Services	93.217		50,552	-	-	-
Immunization Grant	93.268		30,388	_	_	_
Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for						
Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response	93.345		38,510	_	_	_
Well-Integrated Screening and Evaluation for Women Across the	75.5 15		30,310			
Nation (Wisewomen)	93.436		10,075	_	_	_
·	,,,,,,		10,075			
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant funded solely with Prevention and Public Health Funds (PPHF)	93.758		39,946			
Cancer Prevention and Control Programs for State, Territorial and	93./36		39,940	-	-	-
Tribal Organizations	93.898		20,910	_	_	_
_				_	_	_
HIV Prevention Activities_Health Department Based Preventive Health Services_Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control	93.940		28,000	-	-	-
Grants Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.977		100	20.060	-	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services	93.994		9,905,463	39,069 427,817		4,523,712
Total C.S. Dept. of Health and Haman Services			7,703,103	127,017		1,525,712
U.S. Department of Transportation						
Passed-through N.C. Department of Transportation						
2707D Shelby Bypass	20.205	34497.1.FS6	37,912	9,478	-	-
2707E Shelby Bypass Total Shelby Bypass Project	20.205	34497.1.FS7	33,544	8,386 17,864		
Total Shelby Bypass Project Total U.S. Department of Transportation			71,456	17,864		
1				. ,~~ •		
Total Federal Awards			\$ 11,785,253	\$ 445,681	\$ -	\$ 5,681,179

For the	Year End	ea June 30, 201	9			
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title 1(a)	Federal CFDA Number 1(b)	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures 1(c)(d),2	State Expenditures 1(d)	Passed-through to <u>Subrecipients</u> 1(e)	Local Expenditures 1(d)
State Awards: N.C. Dept. of Administration						
Veterans Service Total N.C. Dept. of Administration			\$ -	\$ 2,216 2,216	\$ -	\$ - -
N.C. Dept. of Cultural and Natural Resources Division of State Library						
State Aid to Public Libraries Total N.C. Dept. of Cultural and Natural Resources				140,063 140,063	-	
N.C. Department of Environmental Quality Division of Waste Management						
Soil Conservation State Match			-	32,056	-	-
DEA-Off Waste Red Trust Fund			-	60,000	-	-
Electronic Management Program DWM-Scrap Tire Program			-	6,215 1,482	-	-
Total N.C. Dept. Environmental Quality				67,697		
N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services Passed-through Isothermal Regional Commission: Division of Aging and Adult Services						
90% State Funds - In Home Support				133,975		
Total Division of Aging				133,975	-	
Division of Social Services						
ST Child Welfare/CPS/CS LD			-	88,868	-	-
DCD Smart Start AFDC Incent/Prog Integrit			-	75,582 1,022	-	-
State Foster Home			-	82,247	-	82,246
Extended FC/Max Non IV-E			-	54,841	-	-
F/C at Risk Maximization			-	5,609	-	2,370
SFHF Maximization			-	193,705	-	193,705 227,984
Non-Allocating Reimbursable Work First Non Reimbursable			-	(23,966)	-	474,257
County Funded Programs						1,273,864
Total Division of Social Service				477,908	-	2,254,426
Division of Public Health						
Food and Lodging Fees			-	27,160	-	-
CHA/CHIP Peer Review General Communicable Disease Control			-	149,701 5,465	-	-
Nurse Family Partnership			-	240,883	-	-
Child Health			-	10,516	-	-
STD Drugs			-	838	-	-
Breast and Cervical Cancer Control TPPI - Adol. Pregnancy Prevention			-	17,850 81,840	-	-
Program School Nurse Funding Initiative			_	200,000	-	-
Family Planning - State			-	50,040	-	-
Maternal Health Women's Health Service Fund			-	10,676 12,775	-	-
TB Control			-	21,097	-	-
Total Division of Public Health				828,841		
Total N. C. Department of Health and Human Services				1,440,724		2,254,426
N.C. Dept. of Public Instruction						
Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery Proceeds Total N.C. Dept. of Public Instruction				1,055,000		
N.C. Dept. of Public Safety Mass Care Support Trailers			-	61,599		-
Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs						
JCPC Administration			-	1,400	-	-
Juvenile Medication/Family Centered Treatment/YDI After School P	rogram		-	74,525	74,525	-
Cleveland County School JCPC			-	40,000	40,000	-
Communities in Schools Roots and Wings			-	80,848 88,547	80,848 88,547	-
Total Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs				285,320	283,920	
Total N. C. Department of Public Safety				346,919	283,920	

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title 1(a)	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u> 1(b)	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures 1(c)(d),2	State Expenditures 1(d)	Passed-through to <u>Subrecipients</u> 1(e)	Local Expenditures 1(d)
I(a)	1(0)		1(c)(u),2	I(u)	1(0)	r(u)
N.C. Dept. of Transportation Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP) Cluster ROAP Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance Program		36220.10.8.1	\$ -	\$ 91,558	s -	\$ -
ROAP Enderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance Program ROAP Rural General Public Program		36228.22.8.1	5 -	114,150	ъ - -	ъ - -
ROAP Work First Transitional - Employment		36236.11.7.1	-	24,816	-	-
Total ROAP Cluster				230,524		
Highway Construction Programs Project Grizzly Rdwy Improvement		DOT-18				
Cleveland County R-5849		47336 DOT-18 47406.3.1	-	1,056,507 575,000	-	-
Total Highway Construction Programs		.,	_	1,631,507		
Pinnacle Classical Academy Total N.C. Dept. of Transportation		DOT-18 44981	-	236,757 2,098,788	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total State Awards			_	5,183,463	283,920	2,254,426
Total Federal and State Awards			\$ 11,785,253	\$ 5,629,144	\$ 283,920	\$ 7,935,605

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Cleveland County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Cleveland County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Cleveland County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Cleveland County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption.

Note 5: Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

Program Title	CFDA No.	Federal	State
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	\$130,223,868	\$ 67,150,049
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	2,302,714	-
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women Infant and Ch	il 10.557	1,788,471	-
Food and Nutrition Services	10.561	27,093,340	-
Family Preservation	93.556	76,440	-
IV-E Adopt & Vendor	93.659	891,290	-
Special Children Adoption	93.558	198,400	-
TANF Payments & Penalties	93.558	574,628	-
CWS Adopt, Vendor, Guard	N/A	-	274,622
SAA/SAD HB 1030	N/A	-	40,443
SC/SA Domiciliary Care	N/A	-	908,338